BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN.

ESTABLISHED IN 1869. "Let us see to it, that a Government of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not Perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS: $2.00 PER ANNUM.

VOL. VI. BELLEFONTE, PENN'A., WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAR. 25, 1874. NO. 12

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

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Terms: $2.00 Per Annum in Advance.

POLITICAL NOTES.

—Hon. H. C. Johnson, of Meadville, is spoken of as a probable candidate for Lieutenant Governor.

—The Philadelphia *Evening Herald* hears talk of reorganizing the Native American party in that city.

—For next President, Jackson S. Schultz, the Farmer of Elk county, and No Moieties.—*Harrisburg Patriot.*

—Henry Gooden, colored, was elected an inspector in Latimore township, Adams county, at the recent election.

—Isaiah H. Wears, colored, is mentioned as an opponent of S. J. Randall for Congress in the Third Philadelphia district.

—Mr. Simmonton, of Harrisburg, is now mentioned in connection with the Associate Law Judgeship of the Lebanon district.

—The Watsontown *Record* recommends the nomination of Hon. Wm. L. Dewart, of Sunbury, as the Democratic candidate for Lieutenant Governor.

—A call has been circulated and largely signed in Venango county, inviting F. W. Mitchell, Esq., of Franklin, to become a candidate before the Republican party for Congress.

—Mr. Joseph A. Scranton, editor of the *Republican*, is to succeed Mr. Slocum as Post-master of Scranton, the latter having sent in his resignation some days ago. The *Republican* intimates that an effort is being made to defeat the confirmation of Mr. Scranton in the Senate.

—The New York *World* gives formal notice to all whom it may concern that the Democratic party, of which it is the principal organ, will hereafter have nothing to do with Liberals and Protectionists. It proposes to make a square old-fashioned Bourbon and free trade fight.

—And now Beauregard is threatening all sorts of direful things against Congress unless Governor Kellogg is unseated and Judge Durell impeached. We believe this particular braggart made several attempts to reach Washington, during the war, but we never heard that he succeeded.

—The contest over Senator Sumner's vacant seat grows more interesting and exciting daily. Some of the Massachusetts newspapers are for Mr. Adams, some for Mr. Dawes, and others for Judge Hoar, while yet others appear to be on all sides at once. And so the contest goes on.

—And now those Democratic Senators who voted for Simmons as Collector of the port of Boston, are quite disgusted to learn that the appointment, after all, does not promise to widen the breach in the Republican party in Massachusetts. What a shame that the noble sacrifices of these exalted patriots should meet with such a poor return!

—About the coolest piece of business we have heard of for many a day, is the application of Georgia to Congress to refund to her the money expended for the common defense in 1814. A bill for that purpose has actually been introduced in the House. There is at least one thing which cannot be barred by any statute of limitations—and that is Bourbon effrontery.

—Already the two great political parties in New York are beginning to prepare and plan for the coming autumn contest. Governor Dix appears to have obtained so strong a hold upon the people that he will undoubtedly be renominated, if he desire to be; and the Democracy are said to admit that if he accepts a renomination he will have an easy walk over, and will carry the rest of the State ticket along with him.

—Up in Minnesota, at the beginning of the recent session of the Legislature, the immaculate "Reformers" of that body preferred a number of charges of corruption against prominent Republican officials, and demanded that they should be "investigated." Whereupon investigations of all sorts were instituted, and prosecuted until nearly the close of the session, at a cost to the people of some four or five thousand dollars, the result being to show that the "charges" were totally groundless and absolutely false, and that the "Reformers" themselves were wanton calumniators of clean men's characters. Comment is unnecessary.

THE NEW HAMPSHIRE ELECTION.

It is surprising to see the inconsistency of some men who are trying to uphold a good cause, how they will persistently pursue a course of action that is sure to bring defeat to the very cause they profess to desire to see advanced. At the late election in New Hampshire, although the Republicans boldly adopted a Prohibitory plank in their platform, the so called Prohibition party voted for their own men and prevented the choice of representatives in the Republican towns of Rochester, Newport, Bristol and other places. Had they acted with the Republicans in those towns, the Legislature would have been Republican and the Prohibitory law saved. But instead of doing this, they aided in securing a Democratic triumph and the repeal of the law, and a year of free rum will be the reward of their fanatical folly. The temperance men of our own state should learn a lesson from this experience of their friends in the old Granite state. The Democratic party there came out boldly in favor of free rum, and a mere handful of temperance men helped them into power. The Republican party true to its instincts arrayed itself on the side of progress and reform and has been betrayed in the house of its friends, but the end is not yet. This partial defeat will be the fore-runner of a glorious victory in the spring of 1875, when the honest yeomenry true always to the cause of truth and justice, and ashamed of the apathy which has caused this present temporary reverse, shall rise in their strength and send in utter confusion these democratic champions of rum and human misery, and blood, and groans, and tears, back to their dens of infernal blackness. We are glad that the Republican party of New Hampshire took a bold stand for the right. Better an honorable defeat fighting for truth and justice, than an overwhelming victory through cowardice to place in bright letters the immortal truths of temperance upon their banners. They can now enter upon the next contest with no stain upon their escutcheon. No one can now doubt the purity of their motives, for they will be steered by a vital living principle which cannot fail to give them strength.

HARMONY OF INTERESTS.

We have always held that a railroad only serves its own interests and that of its stockholders when it gives every possible encouragement to the growth of towns and manufacturing enterprises along the line of the road. We have sometimes been surprised to see the lack of interest shown by railroad officials in fostering the very arteries which feed and give them vigor, strength and power, and we believe it is because the people have noticed this indifference that has caused them to seek redress in legislation that in the end proved to be not only damaging to the railroads but to themselves, for really viewed in its proper light the interest of the two are identical. Mr. James Milliken, of this place, a prominent stockholder of the Pennsylvania road, has presented this subject to the consideration of the stockholders, whereof the Philadelphia *Inquirer.* says:

The list of grievances on the part of the manufacturing interests, and those other interests, such as the Grangers, so immediately identified with these as to be a part, whether justly or not complained of, have found vent in the political code, and taken form in a prohibitory clause in the Constitution of the State, and to avert this apparent conflict the resolution of Mr. Milliken was, perhaps, well timed, although as we apprehend, through misconstruction, not, in the closing hours of the meeting, fully understood. The wise policy of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company in extending its reach for the timely control of roads remote from the State has already been admitted, and which, now being about completed, the next step is undoubtedly in the direction indicated by the resolution to which we refer. From looking without, this company must next turn its eyes within and carefully consider how it can best and most effectively promote those interests which are purely within its keeping, and which are at the same time no less their life-blood than its own. The policy of advancing capital to manufacturing enterprises that will locate upon the line of certain railways within the State has already been adopted by some of our leading corporations, and may, perhaps, be found to be wise in practice, but this, or such concessions as will operate to promote a harmony of interests, and thereby secure a fuller development of the resources of our State, is not alone desirable for the great interests it involves, but is especially commendable to avert conflicts in political quarters, which more or less operate to create opposition and distrust, and, in some measure, to hinder the great work that enterprises such as the Pennsylvania Railroad Company have in hand.

FRAUDS IN BUSINESS.

The investigation into the adulteration of sugar and syrup which commenced a short time ago, is still going on and the facts developed have been of a nature to shock the entire country. Chemical tests have been applied to thousands of specimens, and in very many cases both sugars and syrups have been found to contain poisonous substances in quantities sufficient to undermine health and endanger human life. The recent published statements of Prof. Rodney Welch of New York, showing the fearful and wonderful manner in which certain kinds of sugars and syrups are made, have stimulated the investigation which we hope may result in a correction of the abuse. There is no article of commerce in more general use than sugar, and the knowledge that large quantities of this staple are made of old rags, sawdust and poisonous acids, is enough to arouse a whirlwind of popular indignation. The authorities of New York City, where this nefarious business is carried on to a greater extent than anywhere else, have taken the matter in hand and show a determination to put a stop to it.

Granulated sugar is less liable to be adulterated than most other varieties because foreign substances can be more readily detected, but specimens, even of this kind, have been found by chemical analysis to contain dangerous quantities of sulphuric acid.

But poisonous adulterations are not alone confined to sugars and syrups, in the grocery line. The analysis of a great many specimens of tea, during the past year, has developed the fact that adulteration is the rule and purity the exception. Copperas, both green and blue, besides several kinds of pigments, are used to a great extent in the manufacture of the different varieties of tea.

The coffee which we get at most of the restaurants and at many of the hotels, is a diabolical compound of chicory, old coffee grounds, blighted peas, beans and dirt, which are ground up together and labelled "Pure Old Java." The reputation of ground coffee put up in this way, has become so bad, that it is now rarely used outside of the places we have mentioned above and in cheap boarding houses. But it seems there is no longer any safety in buying the unroasted berry, for a process has recently been discovered by which the flavoring and nutritive substances can be extracted without injuring or changing the form of the berry, and this extract is sold to the druggist for medical purposes. So with almost everything in the grocery line: absolute purity can rarely be found. Some of the adulterations are harmless but they are none the less frauds.

Buckwheat finely ground and unbolted, is mixed with pepper: corn meal and fine sawdust with ginger; the inner bark of the birch which is nearly tasteless, is ground up and goes to help out the cinnamon and allspice; cream tartar is adulterated in various ways and can be found pure only at the druggists: graham meal is "fixed up" by mixing a poor quality of bran with fine flour: "pure cider vinegar" so called, is a villainous compound of poisonous acids dissolved in water and flavored by adding a gallon of cider vinegar to a barrel of the compound; and so we might go on extending this list until it should embrace nearly all the comforts and condiments of the table, scarcely one of which can be found in the market in absolute purity.

The trade in dry goods is but little if any better. Our beaver and other heavy woolen goods are made up largely of shoddy; our merinoes and other dress goods which should be all wool are often half cotton; silk velvet has a cotton back and our dress silks are mixed with more or less cotton.

In the drug and chemical line, purity is a great rarity. White lead, like cream tartar is adulterated with a white earthy substance which is brought from foreign countries as ballast for ships. The confectioner also finds this substance much cheaper than sugar and the person who eats the most candy will be likely to eat the most dirt.

It is in the manufacture of wines and various other kinds of intoxicating drinks that adulteration or rather substitution has reached its highest degree of perfection, as one of the fine arts. Extract of logwood, madder, annatto, strychnia and sulphuric acid are some of the drugs which are used in the manufacture of various kinds of goods sold by the name of wine. A cask of Rhine wine is sufficient to flavor twenty of the manufactured article and the whole is sold in the "original casks," as pure Rhine wine. Indeed the business of adulteration is carried on to such an extent that it is almost impossible even in the wine growing districts of Europe, to obtain a pure article. Alcohol is a poison, but pure fermented and distilled liquors are comparitively harmless when considered in connection with the villianous compounds which are now almost exclusively sold as wines and brandies. "Liquid damnation" is not a misnomer for these common beverages.

This is no ideal picture of the rascalities which are practiced upon the community, but they are stubborn facts. Some of them are already well known to the consumer, while others are only brought to light through the aid of chemical science and the microscope. Those manufacturers who adulterate their goods with harmless substances are only guilty of fraud, but those who mix and sell poison with the necessaries of life, are little better than murderers.

STATE TAXES.

The Philadelphia *Press* tries to make a point against the State administration by charging that it is using its influence to pass a bill increasing the basis of State taxation upon the carrying and transportation companies.

We can see no crime in the fact, even admitting the allegation to be true. The State administration is responsible for the proper management of the Finances of the State. The new Constitution imposes upon it the duty of appropriating at least one million, yearly, to common schools and a quarter of a million to reduction of the State debt. These are the minimum sums to be appropriated to these purposes; and as the public mind has settled down in favor of reducing the State debt at least a million yearly, no administration of State affairs can afford to undertake less. This, therefore, fixes two millions as the permanent sum for those two purposes, and to this is to be added a million and a half, annually, for interest on the public debt, and half a million for soldiers' orphans, making four millions, in all, and the expenses of carrying on the government, two millions more are to be added, making six millions that must be provided for.

Our Harrisburg correspondent pointed out, a few days since, how much of this necessary sum can be raised from the ordinary sources of revenues. After allowing liberal figures for all these, and for what is likely to be raised from corporations under existing laws, which it is not proposed to change, there still remains a sum of over two millions, which must be raised by legislation, this winter. The only question is, how shall it be raised? And the answer is, it must come off the corporations, or be raised by a direct tax upon real estate. The state administration naturally shrinks from such an alternative as direct taxation of the people; and it is morally certain that neither it, nor any other administration, will ever adopt that course if it can honestly help it.

The pending Tax bill, which has passed the House and is now before the Senate, proposes to raise the needed revenue by an increased tax upon the carrying or transporting companies of the State. It does not propose to increase the tax on corporations, other than those engaged in the carrying trade, will not by disturbed, and they need not fear any increase! The carrying companies, on the contrary, are believed to be able to bear additional taxation, and it is proposed, therefore, to let the burden fall on them.

The legislation of last winter freed these corporations from several burdensome taxes, and the decisions of the Supreme Court have cut off other taxes that have hitherto yielded considerable revenue. It is essential, consequently, that there should be such legislation this winter as will supply the *hiatus* caused by these changes. The State administration stands pledged to a steady reduction of the public debt, to the extent of not less than a million a year. The constitutional limitation admits of a less sum, but the public interests do not; and as the necessary funds for that purpose can be raised only by taxation, we fancy that the people of the State will not reproach the administration of Governor Hartranft if, by the passage of the pending bill, or some other similar to it, it saves them from the unwelcome visits of the tax-gatherer.—*Pittsburgh Commercial.*

A SUBJECT which is now receiving the attention of the would-be benefactors of the future citizens of the State of Pennsylvania, is that of compulsory education. A bill has been favorably reported to the Legislature requiring all persons having the custody of children, between the ages of eight and fourteen, to send them to school at least six months of the year, eight weeks of which must be consecutive. The children must be instructed in reading, writing, geography and arithmetic. The school directors are to enforce the law in cases where there is no mental or physical disability. That education has a beneficial effect upon the mind and raises one who enjoys such a training there can scarcely be a doubt, and if figures are any argument on the side of education the following is a striking proof of the necessity that the mass of the people should receive an education: a gentleman who has been examining the statistics of criminal institutions has discovered that in New York and Pennsylvania seven crimes are committed by ignorant persons to one by educated persons; while throughout the whole country the ratio is ten to one. These are certainly strong grounds for giving every child in the country a good education and save him as it were from the slough of crime and wickedness which seems to beset the path of the ignorant.

THE election in New Hampshire has resulted in no choice by the people. There were three candidates in the field; the Democratic, Republican and Prohibition. As it requires a majority there to elect, the choice will fall upon the Legislature, which is democratic, by a small majority. This insures the election of Weston, and the repeal of the Prohibition law. Democracy and rum are synonimous terms in the old granite State. We think however, that one year's trial of free rum will satisfy its people.

IN the House of Representatives a bill granting pensions to soldiers and sailors of the war of 1812 and to restore to the pension rolls persons whose names were stricken therefrom for disloyalty, a bill increasing the pensions of soldiers who have been totally disabled, and a pill granting an allowance of $30 to such soldiers who have lost an eye, to enable them to purchase an artificial eye, were passed.

WE see by the statement for February that the National Debt has been increased during the month $2,590,047.45. The Secretary of the Treasury announces that he will sell during March $3,000,000 of gold which will enable him to get through without issuing any more "legal tenders".

——W. L. Calderwood, late express agent, has been appointed assistant agent in the office at Harrisburg.

STATE ITEMS.

—Norristown is importing the "heathen Chinee."

—Reading has two manufactories devoted to metal cornice.

—The South Easton furnace was blown out on Sunday night.

—A Lancaster lady broke her wrist on Saturday, while winding the clock.

—The Williamsport *Register* is to be enlarged next month. It is a bright little daily.

— rs and lung diseases are said to be very prevalent in all parts of Greene county.

—The Women's Medical College at Philadelphia turned out eighteen graduates this commencement.

—Thomas S. Brady, a soldier of the war 1812, died suddenly at North East, recently, aged eighty-two years.

—A Montgomery county magistrate fined some young men $9 and costs for refusing to pay toll at a toll gate.

—Among the names of those citizens of Luzerne who are in favor of dividing the county are many of its best citizens.

—Only ten straight tickets were polled at the recent election in Northumberland. The rest were all scratched and pasted.

—Reading boasts a locomotive that retains the blood stains of an engineer who was run over and killed fifteen years ago.

—The number of people who died in Philadelphia last year would make a procession a mile long marching ten abreast.

—The State Normal School at Shippensburg has had a revival, and about twenty of the students have professed conversion.

—In Philadelphia the prospect for the spring trade is reported to be excellent. A large number of buyers are already in the city.

—The Schuylkill at Norristown, is to be stocked with salmon trout. The fish will probably be put in the river during April.

—The M. E. Church at Northumberland has had a ten weeks revival and is still in session About ninty-five persons have been converted.

—Jacob Fehl, Esq., for many years a justice of peace in Conesta township, Lancaster county, died on the 13th inst., aged seventy-six years.

—A boy hanging on behind a wagon at Mogetown, Montgomery county, was struck in the eye by the driver's whip, cutting the eye entirely out.

—Daniel Kalbfus has sued the editor of the Mauch Chunk *Coal Gazette* for libel. Daniel is a thin-skinned politician of the modern Democratic school.

—The Legislature has passed an Act to provide for the safety of the public, and the better protection of the lives and property of persons crossing railroad tracks.

—Many people, particularly young females, are becoming deranged in different parts of the country from the effects of religious excitement, consequent on the prevalent revivals.

—Unpleasant family relations led Susan Clark, aged sixteen years, to throw herself in front of an approaching railway train, at Tioga, which ran over and cut off both of her legs.

—A Reading drunkard let his dead child lie in the house two days without making any preparation for the funeral. He was drunk, and continued so while Mayor Evans made the required arrangements.

—Rev. S. G. Shannon has been holding a protracted meeting in the Lutheran church at Milroy, which has thus far resulted in the conversion of about sixty persons and is continued with unabated interest.

—A wife in Greenfield township, Erie county, recently left her Cupps and eloped with another man. The disconsolate Cupps went after her and brought her home and the happiest Cupps you ever saw, sir.

—An Act passed by the Legislature giving a bounty on fox and wild cat scalps in the several counties of this Commonwealth was amended by fixing the premium on full grown fox scalps at $2, and $1 for those of smaller growth.

—The Bucks county farmers are anxious for a dog law which will stop the ravages of canines among sheep. As the law now stands sheep must be penned up every night, causing extra trouble, and an eye must be kept on the animals during the day.

—Milford, with a population of about 600, has seven large, first-class hotels. The rooms in most of these have all been engaged for the coming summer season by guests from the cities. The summer boarder business is worth to Milford hotels and boarding places about $5,000 a week from the middle of June to the middle of August.

—The New Castle, Pennsylvania, *Courant* says, "two men are now in jail in that city for dressing in female attire and peddling patent corsets. They practiced their little game in that city for about six weeks, and fitted most of the belles of New Castle, as well as older ladies, always insisting that they should fit the article to the purchaser."

—The Towanda *Item* says: "Three years ago a letter was written in Oswego, New York, to an old lady in Towanda, conveying intelligence of the death of a sister, and strange as it may seem, the letter was not delivered until about one week ago, when it was received by the one it was intended for, and what may seem stranger still, is the fact that it contained the first intimation she had received of the death of said sister."

——Seth H. Yocum, Esq., who has spent the last three months in California, in a successful search after health, will resume his legal practice in this place about April 1st.

——Our town people should attend the exhibitions given by the colored school, in Reynold's Hall, this evening.

——Seven Granges there are, by actual count, in Centre county.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

Wednesday Morning, March 25, 1874.

Poetry.

CLOSE YOUR DOOR.

The Pittsburgh ladies who are after the scalps of the rum sellers, when visiting the places were liquor is sold, sing to the proprietor the following hymn, after which he subsequently yields his scalp:

Mr. Landlord close your door,
Close your door, close your door,
In the name of Jesus we implore,
Close your door, close your door.
For see the poverty and sin;
Caused by men who enter in,
Close you door, close your door.

Chorus.—

Close your door, we implore,
Mr. Landlord close your door,
Close your door, we implore,
MR. LANDLORD CLOSE YOUR DOOR.

Your hearts are human—just like ours;
Close your door, close your door.
You see the curse and all its powers,
Close your door, close your door.
Then why not stop from dealing out
The poison which brings it about?
And put away all fear and doubt,
Close you door, close your door.

Just look at drunkards as they reel;
Close your door, close your door.
Do they not to your heart appeal?
Close your door, close your door.
Look at their homes, they've comforts none,
Their furniture, and all is gone,
They have no bed to rest upon,
Close your door, close your door.

The drunkard's child with rags she's clad,
Close your door, close your door.
Half starved to death, the sight 'tis sad,
Close your door, close your door.
His wife with care and grief doth go
To beg a crust of bread or so;
All this, as well as we, you know,
Close your door, close your door.

Do stop at once this great supply,
Close your door, close your door.
And let not men, as drunkards die,
Close your door, close your door,
Say to the man who does demand
A cup of poison in his hand,
"This is no more a whiskey stand,
I've closed my door, I've closed my door."

WOMAN'S BATTLE-GROUND.

BY HORACE B. DURANT.

Strange things have happened! That, which defied
The sturdy voice and strength of men now yields
To earnest woman's pleading prayer; the pride
And pageantry of war and lurid battle fields,
Abashed, recede before a hand that wields
More than a moral power—that breaks a chain
Of fatal, soul-destroying bondage—shields
The helpless—lifts the fallen—conquers pain,
And elevates men to a higher plane.

'Tis time, once more, O, woman, in the flight
Of circling ages that thy voice be heard—
As erst it has been in the cause of right,
And truth, and liberty, Thine was the word,
Proclaimed from Christ's deserted tomb, that stirred
Desponding hearts of doubting men, with song
Of thrilling victory; and since that third,
Glad morn when men grew weak, thou hast grown strong
In love and faith, and triumphed o'er the wrong!

And now thou comest forth against a foe
That has invaded every wailing land
With death, and crime, and sorrow—laying low
Vast armies—binding with more cruel hand
Than slaver's erst on groaning Afric's strand
Its tortured captives. In the dire affray,
When men have weary grown, and hopeless stand
Thy cry go s up to God; He hears thee pray,
He marks thy tears, and thou shalt win the day.

Oh, woman, it is meet that thou should be
The sure avenger, in the hand of God,
To crush his fiery demon—Drink! On thee
Its direst woes have fallen; and the sod
Above unnumbered graves—o'er all the broad
And desolated land, is wet with tears,
Wrung from thy bitter agony! The rod
Of Heaven's own chosen pain at last appears,
And glory breaks across the future years!

THE INEBRIATE'S END.

Raise me up gently—there—
Oh! give me a breath of pure cold air!
I am dying at last—
I am dying fast,
But no one will care how soon I am cold—
They'll hurry me under the damp, dark mold
And "only a pauper," they'll say as they pass—
"Another poor wretch is buried—alas!
That all were not lying beneath the sod
Who e're set at naught the great laws of God."

Bring me water, I pray:
I drank nothing else in childhood's day.
How it ran by our door!
How it leaped on the shore!
Oh! why did I drink from the poisoned bowl
That has wrecked my life and ruined my soul!
That has laid in the grave my lovely wife,
And filled my life with bitter strife!
Leaving me now on the dark brink of despair,
With scarcely a hope of forgiveness up there!

What a wretch have I been!
None but God knoweth how great is my sin:
But the bowl I've forsook—
Have ye 'mong ye a book!
The book that tells of the "prodigal son!"
Ah! the life that God gave me is almost gone!
The shadows are deepening—my eyes are dim!
I have heard your prayer and beautiful hymn,
I may be forgiven—God knows alone!
May I hope and trust to behold His throne!

I am going—good-bye!
No one loves me here—I hope that on high
My poor wife waits for me
By the great crystal sea—
She loved me till death, so true was her heart;
'Twill be sweet her to meet, never to part;
My life had been better—I'm glad 'tis most o'er,
And soon I will be on the uttermost shore.
Your faces are sad!—oh, then try to save
Some youth from despair, and a vile drunkard's grave!

Our Story Teller.

LUCY'S TROUBLES.

'Lucy,' said Mr. Adams to his wife, 'Mrs. Forster's sister is staying with her; I wish you would call on her.'

'What a bother!' said Lucy; 'you know I feel the heat, and it is such a hot walk up there!'

'Don't look cross about it wife,' said her husband; 'tell me, don't you like Mrs. Bryan?'

The young wife impatiently broke off the thread with which she was sewing her boy's frock, and a frown came upon her brow.

'I neither like nor dislike her,' she replied; 'she is nothing to me, nor I to her.'

Mr. Adams walked across the room and stroked his wife's glossy hair, while a smile stole over his good natured face.

'Then why should you be vexed, wife,' he asked.

'I am not vexed,' she replied; 'I am not so silly as to be vexed about such a thing as that. But I must say, Charles, I can't see why every one should agree in worshipping Janet Bryan; I don' find her so wonderful.'

'Nor do I,' said Charles; 'that is why she is such a favorite, she is so perfectly natural.'

'And not one bit pretty,' put in Mrs. Adams, still with a frown on her face.

'There I differ from you,' said her husband.

'What, pretty with that wide mouth and dumpy figure!' exclaimed Mrs. Adams; 'well, you are infatuated!'

Mr. Adams only smiled, as he replied, 'she has such an open face, such an earnest look in her eyes, she cannot help being to a certain extent good-looking.'

The fresh needleful of cotton snapped short off, and something very like tears came into Mrs. Adams eyes.

'I wonder you didn't marry her instead of me,' she exclaimed crossly.

Her husband looked grave as he answered, 'My dear Lucy, don't be so absurd!'

'Well,' returned Lucy, 'you speak as if you liked her better than you do me.'

He was silent a moment; then he said with some effort, 'Didn't I choose you before all the world? You are my wife, and my wife musn't say nor think such things about other girls, whatever she may have done before she was married.'

The hot tears slowly fell upon Lucy's work. Mr. Adams saw them, and gently lifted up the clouded face. The smile which greeted her was full of tenderness, and she might have counted herself a happy woman had she cared to number among the blessings of her life that of such a smile from her husband; but she coolly turned her head away.

'Poor little wife!' said he. 'Is she not well today? Let me fetch the boy down.'

So the child was brought down upon his father's shoulder, laughing and crowing with delight; and soon Lucy's face shone out with smiles at the antics of her son and husband. When the game was over, Mr. Adams set the child in his mother's lap, and, with a kiss to each, took himself with his beaming face off to the office.

Lucy had made up her mind that she would not call on Janet Bryan. Why should she? Janet was a girl with whom she had nothing in common; and moreover, report had once said, years ago, that Mr. Adams was engaged to her. Evidently he had liked her very much; indeed, he liked her now; and as he had a wife, it was high time he should forget about his flirtations. Lucy loved her husband so much that she could not bear him to admire or like any one else. She had not carried her love so far as to have implicit and blind faith in him—not so far as to be above and superior to jealously.

Mr. Adams understood his wife; he was attached to her; and it grieved him that she should make herself unhappy, and him uncomfortable, by such behavior; but he determined to wait awhile, and see what would happen.

There was a ball in the neighborhood a few days after the above conversation had taken place, to which Mr. and Mrs. Adams were invited. Among the guests was also Janet Bryan.

As soon as Mrs. Adams was provided with a partner, her husband went across the room to a girl, who, at a glance, could be seen to be out of the common style. She was fair, with brown hair and clear brown eyes; and over her whole face there shone a bright, ingenious smile, which went far to win admiration. She was very simply attired in white, with Forget-me-nots in her hair. It was some minutes before Mr. Adams could approach her, so surrounded was she by friends and acquaintances. But at last he succeeded in doing so.

'Miss Bryan,' he said, 'which dance may I have the pleasure with you?'

Janet turned with a glad smile, and named the dance, and then went off with her partner. When at last Mr. Adams went to claim her, she was looking somewhat tired.

'Would you rather sit it out?' he said. 'There is a nice place in the conservatory, and we have more time there for a chat than in the ball-room.'

She assented gratefully, and they went together, not without being seen by Lucy.

'It reminds one of old times, doesn't it?' he asked as they sat down together. She laughed and her face reddened slightly.

'Is your wife here?' was her answer to this question.

'Yes,' was the reply. 'I have been wanting her to call on you, but something has prevented her; she shall come and speak to you to-night before you leave.'

'And your boy?' she asked; 'is he well?'

'Capital,' said Mr. Adams. 'A fine fellow, I assure you.'

'I should so like to see him,' continued Miss Bryan.

"Should you?" he said. 'Well, will you come and spend an afternoon with Lucy some day?'

Mr. Adams hardly thought of what he was saying, but only of Miss Bryan's sweet face, and wished his wife would learn something of her; but Janet said she scarcely knew whether her arrangements would admit of it.

'Those were pleasant days we used to spend long ago. I often wish they could come over again,' he said looking at her.

'Do you!' said Janet. 'I don't. I am satisfied with the present.'

'Then you must be very contented,' he said.

'Perhaps I ought not to say satisfied,' she said; 'no one, I suppose, is ever quite that. But I mean these days are just as happy to me as those were.'

'Are they?' he asked.

'Yes,' said she, 'I think, taking life year by year, or stage by stage, one is tolerably happy or unhappy.' Her face had grown somewhat grave, as she spoke, but she smiled suddenly at Mr. Adams, as she added, 'But you must be so much happier, so much more contented now that you have a wife.'

'Yes—yes—so I am,' he replied hurriedly. 'Only—only——'

'No 'onlys,' Mr. Adams, where a wife is concerned,' said Janet.

He laughed at her reproof, and she smiled, uneasily though, at him, wishing she could go back to the dancers, and wondering why Mr. Adams was not as happy as he deserves. Presently he spoke to her.

'My wife is very good,' he said. 'I am very fond of her; but I don't mind telling you, she is not always happy.'

The clear brown eyes looked their astonishment, as she said, 'I want you to tell me why she is not happy?'

'I?—I don't know at all,' he replied. 'Perhaps you don't make her so,' said Janet.

"I try all I can,' said he; 'but she is often very miserable. You and I were once friends; can you not help me?'

'I hope we shall always be friends,' she said, looking steadily into his face; 'but I cannot help you. If ever I should be able to do so I will. And now I want you to take me to your wife. She must be wondering where you are.'

They strolled back to the ball-room, and found Mrs. Adams.

'Lucy, Miss Bryan has sent me back to you; she is tired of me already,' he said, as he presented his wife to Janet.

Lucy tried to smile, but there was a frown on her pretty face; and in that frown Janet saw the cause of her unhappiness. 'Poor little thing,' she said to herself, 'I must help her.'

The two ladies sat down together, while Mr. Adams went to speak to a friend at the other side of the room.

'I want so much to see your boy, Mrs. Adams,' began Janet. 'I have been hearing he is such a fine fellow.'

'You are very kind to take any interest in him,' replied Lucy, smiling through her frown.'

'I wish you would let me do something,' added Janet, in her most winning manner.

'What is that?' asked Lucy.

'Some day,' continued Janet, 'when Mr. Adams is out, will you let me come and spend an afternoon with you, that I may have a good romp with the boy all by myself.'

'But why when my husband is out?' asked Lucy suspiciously.

'Only that I may enjoy you and the boy without his interference,' was Janet's laughing answer.

Lucy would not own it, but she was conquered in spite of herself by the tact and frank, genial ways of Janet, and she fixed a day for the visit, mentally determining not to tell her husband of it.

* * * * * *

The baby had been romped with, to Janet's heart's content, and was taken up again to the nursery. Mr. Adams was not expected home that day, and it wanted two hours to the time when the carriage was coming for Janet. Lucy was sitting at work, with her back to the window, and Janet was in an easy chair, with her face turned, so that the light came full upon it. A loveable face though not pretty; a nobleness stamped upon the lofty forehead, and shining out of the brown eyes; a soft grandeur playing around the wide mouth, with its pearly teeth; yet, at times, it was a grave face, almost sad in its quietness—different to Lucy's with its troubled prettiness.

'Mrs. Adams, may I tell you something, about my life?'

'If you wish,' said Mrs. Adams.

'You won't be angry or vexed?' continued Janet. 'I want you to help me.'

'I don't suppose I can,' replied Mrs. Adams.

'A long time ago,' said Janet, 'I used to think I should be married.'

The beginning so startled Mrs. Adams, that she put down her work to gaze at the speaker.

'That thought has almost faded out now,' said Janet.

'But you might be married any day you chose, I should have thought?' said Mrs. Adams. 'You have heaps of admirers.'

'Perhaps,' was the reply; 'but no one I like. Well, years ago, I did like some one very much indeed, and he liked me. We were half engaged to be married.'

Mrs. Adams interrupted her coldly.

'I suppose you to refer to my husband,' she said in a freezing voice, and with flashing eyes.

Janet rose hastily, and coming close to her, took her arms and placed them round hermself.

'No, no, no,' she said; 'not your husband. I liked him—never, never! Press me closer in your arms—hold me tighter, and I will tell you. He wanted to like me—it is years ago now—but I wouldn't let him, for I could never like any one else but the one I had promised to love. Your husband never even asked me to like him; for before he had time, I let him know it was useless. He had never loved me, nor I him. We have been friends; I, from respecting him, and he, from understanding I was unhappy. Oh, if you only knew what I have been through, you would pity me!'

Janet, in the noble self-humiliation of her confession, in her generosity, was going straight to the sore place in Lucy's heart. By degrees the wife's arms crept closer roound her, and she said, 'Tell me more, Miss Bryan.'

'It is so long ago now, that I almost forget what he is like,' she replied; 'but I know I love him still, because I never have seen any one else who equals him. He went away to seek his fortunes in Australia, and perhaps he is married, or dead, or may never come back again; but I only love him, and only have loved him.'

'Does Mr. Adams know this?' asked Lucy.

'No one but my sister and you know of it,' replied Janet. 'Mr. Adams only knows that I could never like him, but he does not know why.'

'And how can I help it?' asked Mrs. Adams.

'Press me tighter in your arms. Kiss me. Tell me you are very, very happy—that your sorrow is not like my sorrow—that you pity me,' said Janet. 'That is how you can help me to bear it.'

'But, Janet,' said Lucy,—'may I call you Janet?—what was the name of this gentleman?'

'Don't ask me,' she said. 'That is my secret. Be satisfied in knowing that it was not Charles Adams.'

They smiled at each other as Janet said this; the cloud had quite passed from Lucy's face; Janet's open nobleness had conquered.

'You will never think crossly of me again, will you?' said Janet; 'never think Mr. Adams liked me? You are so happy in having his love, so happy in knowing he chose you before every one else, that you cannot grudge me the little friendship he gives me, can you?'

'Only he might have liked you best,' said Lucy, still but half convinced.

'Love begets love,' said Janet. 'I had none to give him, and his slight fancy for me died away before he ever met you. I am so glad he is happily married; so glad you have put me out of his head.'

'Won't you tell me more about yourself?' said Lucy.

Janet's bright face grew grave, and her lips trembled.

'It is so long,' she said, looking down; 'it happened when I was very young, when we were living at Upton.'

'Upton in Northamptonshire?' said Lucy.

'Yes,' replied Janet; 'do you know it?'

'I did once,' said Lucy; 'I used to stay near there with my aunt.'

Janet's breath came uneasily.

'Perhaps you have met him then?' she said, glancing up.

'Tell me his name, dear,' said Lucy.

But Janet's brown eyes filled with tears.

'No, no—I had better not,' she said, hurriedly, turning away to hide her emotion.

They were interrupted by the servant bringing in a letter. Mrs. Adams took it with some trepidation, for it was a telegram, but as her eyes glanced at its contents her face recovered its equanimity. When the servant had left the room she turned to Janet.

'It is from Captain Lewis,' she said, 'a friend of Mr. Adams, to say he is coming down here to dinner to-day and will remain all night if we can take him in and a gentleman whom he wishes to introduce here. It is most unfortunate that Charles is out, there is no way of letting him hear, and no way of postponing Captain Lewis' visit. I will tell you what, Miss Bryan, you must really stay and help me entertain them!—now won't you.

'Oh, you can do that very nicely alone,' she replied, smiling.

'But two gentlemen,' said Lucy; 'actually two! One I have never seen, and don't even know his name! Let me send a note back with the carriage to Mrs. Foster, saying you will not be home till to-morrow.'

After some further talk it was so arranged, and almost before the note was dispatched a cab drove up, and Captain Lewis was announced with Mr. Ferrars. Lucy did the honors as well as she could, introducing Janet to her visitors, though with such confusion that it was difficult for them to catch her name. That was of little consequence, for Janet appeared to be quite at her ease with Captain Lewis and left Lucy to entertain Mr. Ferrars as best she could.

Before dinner was announced the ladies retired to make some slight change in their toilet, and then for the first time Lucy remarked that Janet looked very pale.

'It is nothing—the heat has tired me, or perhaps our conversation. I shall be all right after dinner,' she replied, trying to smile.

'Would you rather stay up stairs?' asked Lucy.—'I can manage quite well if you would rather not come down.

'Oh, no; I shall be better presently,' said Janet, and then a deep flush mounted over her face.

Lucy felt somewhat uneasy at these changes; but she was pleased to find that as dinner advanced Janet appeared to recover herself.

Between dinner and tea, Mrs. Adams amused her guests by singing to them. It was a warm evening; the drawing-room windows were opened down to the ground, and led into the garden. Captain Lewis was enraptured with Lucy's voice and execution, while Mr. Ferrars stood near Janet, speaking a few low words to her, now gazing at the stars, peeping out one by one into the summer sky. Janet's pallor was all gone—in its stead, was a deep, hot flush. Lucy observed that Mr. Ferrars was seemingly content with his lot, and that Janet was amused; so she went on playing and singing to Captain Lewis without much heed to them.

'So little changed, so very little changed,' said Mr. Ferrars, bending down to Janet. She glanced quickly at him, and as quickly down.

'What is little changed?' she asked.

'Not I,' he said—'I am changed—but you are not.'

She stood up then, on pretence of looking at the moon; but she trembled.

'I did not catch your name when I came in,' he continued. 'You are not angry?' he added, for he saw her head turn away.

'I heard your name,' she replied, faintly, glancing at him.

'And knew me?' he said.

Something between a smile and a cry was her answer. There was a pause, during which Lucy's voice swelled through the room.

'It looks pleasant in the garden,' said he. 'Will you come with me?'

She obeyed him mechanically, and they stepped out upon the greenward; but she could hardly stand for trembling.

'Will you take my arm Janet?'

The last words he said very slowly. It thrilled through her, and forced the tears out of her sweet brown eyes. She was glad to do as he asked, for she needed his support. Through the window came the sound of singing, around them the leaves stirred in the evening breeze, and above shone the moon and the stars. All this Janet knew; she knew too, that her heart beat strangely, and her breath almost choked her.

'So long ago,' he said, 'so long ago since we two walked together, isn't it, Janet?'

'Yes,' she whispered.

'I only came home last week,' he continued; 'and I have been wondering where to find you ever since. I came down here with Lewis, partly because I heard your sister was living in the neighborhood. Janet did you think I should come back again?'

She looked at him, with the moon shining upon his face, and then said, softly, 'I really thought so.'

'Though I never wrote?' he said.—'I believe in you,' she replied.

'Well, the faith of some woman is marvelous,' said he. 'I did not deserve it of you.

'Why not?' she asked, drawing a little from him.

'I ought to have written,' he replied.

'Nothing else?' said Janet.

'Nothing else, Janet,' he said, lingering over her name, as if the mere saying of it were pleasant. 'I want you to repeat something for me.'

'Repeat something,' said Janet. 'What is it?'

He stood still, and gazing into her face. 'I want you to say, after me, this,—'All this time I have loved you only.' Can you do it?'

Her face worked convulsively as she heard the words. They were very true for her; it moved her to think they were so to him. Then he took both her hands in his, and she repeated after him, 'All this time I have loved only you,'

'Won't you seal it, Janet?' he asked.

In sight of the stars they sealed their compact; and then he said, 'I am rich now, Janet, I can afford to marry Will you take me?—and when?'

'I will do whatever you like,' she said. So with this, they walked back to the drawing room to find Mrs. Adams and Captain Lewis just coming in search of them.

'Where have you been?' exclaimed Lucy.

'Star-gazing, Mrs. Adams,' replied Mr. Ferrars.

'I hope you are both moonstruck added Captain Lewis.

'Oh dear no,' said Mr. Ferrars, 'Miss Bryan is all the better for this stroll and upon my word, I think I am too.'

As Mrs. Adams was going to her room that night, Janet called her into hers.

'Do you know what has happened?' she asked between laughing and crying.—'No,' said Mrs. Adams. 'What?'

'I will tell you the name you wanted to know, if you like,' said Janet. 'It is George Ferrars.'

'Mr. Ferrars!' exclaimed Lucy. 'Not this Mr. Ferrars?'

'Yes it is,' replied Janet; 'the same.'

'My dear Janet, I am so surprised,' said Lucy.

'No wonder,' said Janet. 'So was I. We have made it up.'

'I am delighted,' said Mrs. Adams, 'more delighted than I can tell you.'

'Ah, you won't be jealous of me any more, will you?' said Janet.

But Lucy only kissed her, saying she was a naughty, darling girl.

'And will you come to the wedding?' continued Janet.

'To be sure,' was the reply; 'and bring Charles, too, on condition that he has the first kiss of the bride.'

'Nay, now you are going into the other extreme,' said Janet; 'but, after all, it is true that good husbands make good wives, and that the purest love is too great to be marred by trifles, such as'—and Janet laughed—'jealousy; eh, Lucy?'

At this Mrs. Adams blushed, and declared she never had been, and never should be jealous, for that was a thing she hated and despised, as being unfit for any true wife.

'So I think,' put in Janet.

'What a happy thing you came to see me to-day!' said Lucy.

'Yes, happy for us all,' was the reply.

As she laid her glad head on her pillow that night, Janet could not help thinking how often it happens that in trying to do good to others we unconsciously do good to ourselves.

The Liquor Business—The Money and Men Engaged in it in the United States.

We have clipped the following statement of the liquor interest in the United States from the N. Y. Evening *Post*, and send it to you for publication. An exhibit of the extent of the liquor traffic, in view of the movement now in progress in various parts of the country, may be peculiarly interesting to readers of the REPUBLICAN at the present time. The figures are given from official documents.

Imported and domestic distilled and spirituous liquors	$1,344,000,000
Brewed and ferment'd liquors	123,000,000
Imported wines	15,000,000
Domestic wines	5,000,000
Total	$1,487,000,000

The amount of money spent for liquors in the States and Territories aggregates $1,483,461,865, of which Pennsylvania is set down for $152,663,495.

Add to this $90,000,008, the cost of litigations, crimes, prisons, etc., caused in part by intemperance, and we have for a single year the enormous sum of $1,573,461,863.

Cost of flour and meal was	$530,000,000
Cost of cotton goods	115,000,000
Cost of boots and shoes	90,000,000
Cost of clothing	70,000,000
Cost of woolen goods	60,000,000
Cost of newspapers and job printing	40,000,000
Total	$905,000,000

There are 140,000 licensed liquor saloons in the United States, each having estimated forty daily customers, making 5,600,000 drinkers.

The quantity of distilled, fermented and brewed liquors drank is sufficient to fill a canal four feet deep, fourteen feet wide, and eighty miles long; and if all the drinker scould be placed in procession, five abreast, they would make an army 130 miles long, and if those killed by the intemperate use of spirituous liquors were there also, we should see a suicide at every five miles and 550 funerals per day; and if all the places where intoxicating liquors are sold were placed in rows, in direct lines, they would make a street 100 miles long.

There are 40,000 more persons engaged in selling liquor in the United States than in preaching the gospel and school teaching; and from the effects of intoxicating drinks, 100,000 are anually sent to prisons, 150,000 to drunkards' graves, and 200,000 children are reduced to want. The total number of persons engaged in the business is 500,000, of which 56,663 are employed in making and selling annually 5,685,635 barrels of beer.

It is estimated that the clergy of the United States costs annually $12,000,000 the lawyers, criminals, prisons, etc. $80,000,000, and intoxicating liquor, as before said, $1,474,000,000.

The State of Pennsylvania spent during the year 1870 for liquors of all kinds $152,663,945; and for schools and teaching, $5,863,729. She has engaged in the liquor business 78,800 persons, 16,879 school teachers, and 24,000 criminals—four-fifths of whom were made so by strong drink.

The city of Philadelphia had 4,160 drinking places, and spent for intoxicating drinks $30,000,000 in one year. Chicago had 1,300 liquor saloons, and spent for intoxicating liquors $14,000,000. Newark had 864 drinking saloons, and spent for strong drinks $4,500,000.

The city of New York had 7,000 icensed drinking saloons, which, if placed in rows in direct lines, would make a street like Broadway thirteen miles long. She spent for intoxicating liquors $80,000,000 during the year 1870, and there were employed in the business 35,000 persons. She had 450 churches and chapels, and there were engaged in preaching and teaching the public and private schools 3,000 persons, all of which to support cost $4,500,000. The total amount of money invested in the liquor business of all kinds, amounted to $1,600,000; in the manufacturing business, $60,000,000, and the banking business $80,000,000. The police department costs $3,000,000, and in public amusements $5,000,000 were spent. The meat bill was $30,000,000, flour bill

$28,000,000, and the daily consumption of beer was 40,000 kegs. There were 65,000 arrests for intoxication and disorderly conduct and 80,000 persons were in institutions under care of the Commissioners of Public Charities.

From Which a Moral Can be Drawn.

We had written an article with a moral, but it was unsatisfactory and we laid it aside for amendment, when we came across the following in the New York *Tribune* which treats our subject in a better form so we substitute it, and leave the moral to be drawn by each reader: There is a hospital for children in a neighboring city, the history and plan of which we have before now given to our readers. We have told how poor little creatures, sick with fevers, scrofula, consumption, or hip diseases, or any other evil which our ill-regulated lives give to our children, are taken out of the garrets and hot cellars, where they are suffering hopelessly from worse pains than disease, to large, cool, softly-lighted rooms, where they are skillfully and tenderly nursed and cared for; how, when they begin to recover, they are removed to a suburban house surrounded with groves and wide, sunny playgrounds; how, in Summer, they are taken to another branch hospital at Atlantic City, where the sea breeze and salt baths complete the cure, and send them back, most probably, with far stronger chances for healthy, enduring life than those which their mothers gave them.

It is a most admirable charity, and one managed with admirable discretion and skill. The other day the Board of Trustees made their periodical examinations of the patients and buildings. They were a group of grave matrons and most respected black-coated gentlemen. The house was exquisitely neat, the food excellent; the little convalescent patients, in their best clothes, sat ranged in breathless awe along the wall, many of them with absurdly small crutches tucked between their knees that would tumble down every half minute and make a frightful clatter; the cribs, narrow, and white, and small, were ranged along the other side of the wall, and out of which peeped a small face and scared eyes — The very nurses and matron (ordinarily a kindly-faced, garrulous, cheery lot, as babies nurses ought to be,) oppressed by the solemnity of the occasion, were sombre and silent. In spite of all the cleanliness and order and admirable skill, the dominant idea induced by this grave solemnity with visitors and patients was pain—a world of pain, a world where things in general had gone wrong, do what you would to right them; and even the least baby there whose thin face peered above its white night gown, seemed to ask why it was sent so unwillingly into such a world, to bear too its miserable load?

The visitors went out into the yard to inspect that also; a large terraced square, with a patch of grass in the middle, which has come out quite green and fresh, beguiled perhaps by this unseasonable March sun, or by the voices of the children who so much wanted it. In the shadows of the high fence however, the snow still lay unmelted; and it suddenly entered into the head of one of the solemn corps of visitors—a middle-aged, bald official—to pull off his gloves, thrust them into his coat pocket, dash into the heap, and making a snowball, let it fly at one of the pale little cripples that huddled awe-struck in the door. There was a moment of blank astonishment, and then a shrill shriek of delight. At it they went pell-mell—every boy, and girl, and the baby there who could grasp a handful of snow in their little thin fists; while one after another of the visitors first laughed, and then hesitated, and then tore off gloves and plunged into the riot. So see the wan little babies swarming about the big grave officials, pelting them as the Liliputians did the Man Mountain; to hear their shrill little screams of triumph; to see the nurses inside hurrying with the patients out of the cribs in their arms to the windows that they might see the fun; they clapping their tiny hands and joining in the feeble little hurrahs; to watch the boys who could run gather up snow-balls to bring to the cripples sitting on the bench, that they too might have a chance to fire at the enemy, was a sight to bring a laugh to anybody's eyes, with the tears not far behind it. The fun went on until the trustees (bank presidents, clergymen, or what not of philanthropy and decorum) were powdered from head to foot, collar dripping and fingers tingling; then they begged for mercy. How they all laughed together—nurses, and respectable philanthropists, and sick little paupers! When the strangers had gone, too, the white-walled quiet wards were alive with fun and frolic for the rest of the day; the doctor declared half his constituents had taken a new lease of life; nobody thought about a world of pain any more, only how jolly it was to be there in a world where you could snow-ball! When the children's dinner was ready, they were hungry as little bears; their cheeks rosy, their eyes dancing. All day the excitement lasted, the delighted cackle of talk and laughter went on continually from crib to to crib, and at night the nurses were wakened by a weak shout of fun now and then, when some small sleeper was fighting his battles over again.

——The editor of the Peoria *Review* recently lost his dog, which sad occurrence is thus described: If anybody has seen a black-and-tan dog, answering to the name of Judge, going down the street in company with a hard-shell turtle, that won't answer to anything, and certainly won't answer to tackle, as the dog will tell you if you can only get him to stop long enough, please to halt the eloping pair, as they are the property of the editor of this paper. We are fondly attached to the dog on account of his vagabondish, Bohemianish habits. He knows every dog in Peoria by name and is on speaking terms with nine-tenths of the dogs that come in under the wagons, and he knows more of the inhabitants of this city than the tax collector does. The turtle is a more recent acquisition. It was placed in the back yard yesterday, and the dog spent an hour and a half trying to induce it to come out of its shell and be comfortable. The old iron clad maintained his reserve, however, until the dog crammed his nose against the forward part and commenced to snuff. The pair seemed to come to some sort of an understanding at once, for the dog made an impetuous remark on a very high key, and then they both started on a trip together. The dog was last seen sauntering along like a whirlwind, the turtle staying right by him. We should be very sorry to lose the dog now, as he has acquired another important and valuable quality. He knows more about turtles than any other dog in the country, and it is mighty hard to find a real good turtle dog.

DIO LEWIS ON CIRCUSES.—In answer to a correspondent, says Dio Lewis:

"I do not know whether the performers in circuses are long-lived. Such men used to be drunken, and I presume short-lived. But now that they have become sober, and every way temperate, I should presume they are exceptionally healthy and long-lived. Two at least of Barnum's performers are wealthy gentlemen occupying very fine houses in New York city, and bringing forward fine families. The profession of circus gymnastics has become very respectable, and commands large salaries. Some of them receive three or four hundred dollars a week. I wish I could show you the residence of one of Barnum's company. It is on a fashionable avenue in New York, and at ten o'clock in the morning you may see the circus rider starting out with his beautiful wife and daughter for a drive in Central Park. In the afternoon you may see him in tights, performing in the ring. And, by the way, the circus is the only place of amusement where you never witness an indecent sight or hear an indecent word. It is the purest, and, on the whole, the most wholesome place of amusement we have among us. I like to see the little people gathering in the great white tent. Men assure you that they go to see the children. For myself, I like to take the little folks, but I go for my own amusement, greatly preferring a good circus to the most splendid tragedy ever put upon the stage. At the circus you breathe a good air, and everything is simple and natural. There is nothing of the stilted, artificial, fuss and feathers and roar which make most tragedy performances a constant strain and pain to all people who happen to have a little nature left in them."

A GENTLEMAN who rather suspected some one was peeping through the keyhole of his office door, investigated with a syringe full of pepper-sauce, and went home to find that his wife had been cutting wood, and a chip had hit her in the eye.

AN engraver in Springfield, Mass., has cut the Lord's Prayer into a piece of copper less than one fourth the size of a silver three-cent piece, and there is room in the circle for fifteen or twenty words more.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

Whereas the Hon. Charles A. Mayer, President of the court of common Pleas, in the 25th Judicial District, consisting of the counties of Centre, Clinton, and Clearfield, and the Honorable W. W. Love and the Honorable Henry Dopp, Associate Judges, in Centre county, having issued their precept, bearing date the 11th day of March, A. D. 1874, to me directed for holding a court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the Peace in Bellefonte, for the county of Centre, and to commence on the 4th Monday of April next, being the 27th day of April, 1874 and to continue two weeks.

Notice is hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, Alderman and Constables of said county of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances, to do those things which to their office appertains to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Centre county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand, at Bellefonte, the 11th day of Mar. in the year of our Lord, 1874, and in the ninety-eighth year of the Independence of the United States.

10-4t B. F. SHAFFER Sheriff.

EXECUTORS NOTICE.—The will of Jeremiah Rankin, late of Potter township, having been admitted to probate, letters testamentary thereunto have been issued to the undersigned, of which all persons interested will please take notice.

11 6t. JOSEPH A. RANKIN.

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MAKES THE WEAK STRONG.

The Peruvian Syrup, a Protected Solution of the Protoxide of Iron, is so combined as to have the character of an aliment, as easily digested and assimilated with the blood as the simplest food. It increases the quantity of Nature's Own Vitalizing Agent, Iron in the blood, and cures "a thousand ills," simply by Toning up, Invigorating and Vitalizing the System. The enriched and vitalized blood permeates every part of the body, repairing damages and waste, searching out morbid secretions, and leaving nothing for disease to feed upon.

This is the secret of the wonderful success of this remedy in curing* Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Chronic Diarrhœa, Boils, Nervous Affections, Chills and Fevers, Humors, Loss of Constitutional Vigor, Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, Female Complaints,** ***and all diseases originating in a bad state of the blood, or accompanied by debility or a low state of the system. Being free from Alcohol, in any form, its energizing effects are not followed by corresponding reaction, but are permanent, infusing strength, vigor, and new life into all parts of the system, and building up an Iron Constitution.

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COSMOLINE is the concentrated extract of the healing properties of Petroleum, which are known. It is the most bland and soothing remedy ever used; beside possessing more healing power than any substance or compound ever prepared. It is

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for almost all the daily casualties which occur in household, the workshop, or on the farm, as well as for many of the diseases which afflict humanity.

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It is invaluable, cooling and soothing the injured parts at once, and producing a perfect cure in a very short time, without leaving any scars. For this purpose alone, it is

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FOR FROSTED LIMBS, COSMOLINE is fully as efficacious as for burns and scalds, restoring a healthy action to the injured parts very quickly. It is also the best possible remedy for Chilblains and Chapped Hands.

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THE NATIONAL HOTEL, MILLHEIM, PA.

He is well prepared to furnish first-class accommodations to all who desire to make a hotel their Home, or pleasant temporary abode. The custom of the travelling public, and the surrounding country, is respectfully solicited. Courteous and attentive servents are engaged at this popular Hotel. The Stabling is the very best, and none but careful and accommodating Hostlers are employed.

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Cash or short Credit, in no case to exceed three months.

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SELL AT THE LOWEST PRICE

All sorts of

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Shovels,
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We hope by

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to merit and receive a share of public patr age.

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will find it to their advantage to call and ex ine our stock.

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Next door to Wilson's, & Hicks' H ware store, Allegheny St.,

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SHOULDER BRACES,

TRUSSES & SUPPORTERS in great variety.

Also, Choice

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and all other articles usually kept in a first class Drug Store.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUN DED.

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BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY STORE.

In the marble front of T. R. Reynolds, is really and truly the place to buy

BREAD, CONFECTIONERIES, RAISINS, NUTS AND CANDIES OF ALL KINDS.

ICE CREAM

is a specialty and will be kept at all times and at all hours by him.

BREAD, CONFECTIONERIES, NUTS, RAISINS, ORANGES, LEMONS, ICE CREAM, &c., &c., all sold by him at the most reasonable rates. Call and see him and rest assured that you will not be disappointed.

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Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of VINEGAR BITTERS?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the remarkable qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs, in Bilious Diseases.

The properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

ative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Disenses.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS occasionally.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ringworms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists & Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, & cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N.Y.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

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BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

Wednesday Morning, March 25, 1874.

E. T. & R. P. TUTEN,.....Proprietors

EDWARD T. TUTEN,..... .....Editor.
ROBERT P. TUTEN,.....Publisher.

Terms: $2.00 Per Annum in Advance.

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FOR SUBSCRIPTION AND ADVERTISING.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every WEDNESDAY MORNING, in Bellefonte Pa. by

E. T. & R. P. TUTEN,

at the following rates :

One year in advance.....$2.00
If not paid within 6 months.....$2.50
If not paid for until expiration of year..$3.00

Papers discontinued to subscribers at the expiration of their terms of subscription, at the option of the publishers, nless otherwise agreed upon.

Papers will not be sent out of Centre county *unless paid for in advance.*

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cts. per line for each insertion, unless otherwise agreed upon, by the month, quarter or year.

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Marriage or Death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices published free, subject to revision and condensation by the Editors.

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Address all communications, relating to business, to E. T. & R. P. TUTEN, Proprietors.
Bellefonte, Pa

Gen. Harry White aspires to Senator Scott's place in the United States Senate. We can't see it in that light.—*Tyrone Herald.*

Nor we. Hon. John Scott is an honor to the State, an able Senator, and has acquired a national reputation as one of our wisest and best lawmakers, and the great State of Pennsylvania owes it to her citizens, and the country, to return him to the place he now so fitly adorns.—*Hollidaysburg Register.*

Harry White is very aspiring. Some say he would like to be governor and now he wants to be senator. Does he? Well, we do not favor him for either. He is no true friend to the press or the people, and if ever he comes up for office we hope that at least the country press will remember him. There is nothing in him—he is a bag of gas.

—The Philipsburg *Journal* has this to say of a new scheme for moving timber: During the snow, which blocks up tramways and renders them useless, the log-slide of C. B. Jackson, which has been in operation all winter at the mill of Hoover, Harris & Co., was the vehicle for the hauling of from twenty to twenty-five thousand feet of logs every day. Mr. Jackson has contracted with Jas. Hudson for two thousand rollers and will build one and one-half miles of slide across a hill and place an engine on the summit to draw the logs up the steep incline. The work will be commenced shortly. He has the contract for stocking some 25,000,000 feet of logs, which he will put in over his patent slide, cheaper than he could do it any other way.

LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY.

TUESDAY.

SENATE.—A petition was presented against allowing liquor-dealers to serve on juries for the trials of violations of the license laws. Bills relating to State printing and to elections were reported favorably. The bill authorizing the removal of certain insane persons to State hospitals was passed. A number of bills passed first and second readings.

HOUSE.—Bills were passed to make an appropriation to the House of Refuge, Eastern Penitentiary, and "Sheltering Arms" of Allegheny county; to give bounty on fox scalps; to discontinue the use of the Philadelphia State powder magazine; to prevent railroad accidents at railroad crossings; to establish new orphans' courts. Bills were introduced to fix the salaries of county officers in certain counties; to supplement an act incorporating a turnpike company; to appropriate a sum for enclosing ex-Governor Geary's grave. The House showed more eagerness to get its work done than care in doing it. At the afternoon session, two bills stood together on the calander of bills on second reading. The first, No. 87, contained a section that no soldiers' orphans should be admitted to the soldiers' orphans schools who was born since June 1, 1866; the second, No. 106, provided that all soldiers' orphans, no matter when born, should be admitted to the schools, and in express terms enacted that the original prohibition, cutting off all born after June 1, 1866, should be repealed.—The two bills were in direct antagonism to each other; yet the House took the two up, consecutively, *and passed both!* Mr. Talley made an effort to tack on a provision to the last bill that all children in the schools, in 1880, who shall then be under sixteen, shall be transferred to the Agricultural school at Bellefonte; but the House rejected it, 34 to 38,

WEDNESDAY.

SENATE.—The Senate had but few bills before it on second reading and adjourned to allow the Finance Committee to meet a committee from Pittsburgh, consisting of Moorhead, Dr. Wood, and R. S. Waring, in behalf of the Western University. They urged that no attempt be made to establish a separate high school, but that the amount be set apart for instruction in the present established high school. The proposition was considered favorably by the committee. Mr. Graham presented reports from the Committe on the Removal of the Penitentiary. Senate bill No. 66, to prevent corrupt and improper attempts to influence legislation, passed finally.

HOUSE.—The bill to repeal the Local Option law came up in the House, this afternoon, on first reading, and was recommitted to the Committee on Vice and Immorality, by a very decided vote. Mr. Orvis tried hard to get a vote on the bill, direct, or to send it to some other committee; but in vain. This is probably the last of the bill, at this session. There was not a good prospect ahead, of its passage, and the members generally were only too glad of a chance to get rid of it without coming to a direct vote upon its merits. The Centennial appropriation of one million passed the first reading by 52 to 34. All the Allegheny dellegation, except Mr. Young, voted for it. The bill to pay the newspapers for advertising the Constitution is now in the hands of a Conference Committee. On the part of the Senate, it consists of Messrs. Rutan, Graham and Chalfant; and on the part of the House of Messrs. Young, Salter and Talley. What they will cook up it would be hard to guess. It is almost impossible to frame a basis of settlement that will not pay some too much and others too little. It is generally understood that the Governor will appoint to the new Judgeship for Centre district, our townsman John H. Orvis. The constitutional provision that no member of the Legislature shall be appointed to any office created during the term for which he was elected; is held not to apply to Mr. Orvis, inasmuch as he was elected under the old Constitution, and the new one is applicable only to those elected under it.

THURSDAY.

SENATE.—An attempt was made in both Houses, to-day, to carry the usual adjournment for a week, at April 1st, but it failed in both. The Senate took up its list of bills on third reading, and passed finally the following: Their titles indicate their purport. These have all yet to be acted on by the House. An act to prohibit foreign corporations from doing business in Pennsylvania without having known places of business and authorized agents. An act in relation to suits for wages, preventing stay of execution on judgments obtained for $150 and under. An act for the relief of Rebecca Stock, a resident of Middle Creek township, Snyder county, a widow of Conrad A. Stock, a soldier of the war of 1812, and several others.

HOUSE.—In the House, the calendar of bills on second reading was taken up, and eight or ten was passed up to third reading; but most of them provoked a fight, and hence but little progress was made. The bill appropriating $1,200 for compiling the nearly worthless trash called "Transactions of the State Agricultural Society," gave rise to a warm debate; but on the ridiculous plea that the farmers want it, the job was rushed through. If any farmer in Centre county is anxious to get this book, we shall be amazed to learn the fact. It is chiefly a compilation of the premium lists of the various county societies, interspersed with dull and sleepy essays written by lawyers and other urban scribes who fancy they know all about agriculture.

FRIDAY.

SENATE.—The Senate was in session but a short time, and adjourned until Tuesday.

HOUSE.—The House spent the entire morning in debating the propriety of a final adjournment on the 22d of April, and failed to agree on any time. This indicates that the session will last well on to the middle of May. At the afternoon session a large number of petitions were presented principally for and against Local Option—one by M. Young, from George Morrison and one hundred citizens of Moon township against repeal. Bills were read in place as follows: Mr. Ramey, relative to the support of the sick and poor. Mr. Toner, of Westmoreland, An act to repeal the Local Option law for that county. Mr. Orvis, Relative to the duties of Aldermen and Mayors. Mr. Cross, Making an appropriation for pensioners. Mr. Christy, To validate the charters of certain insurance companies. Mr. Mylin, An appropriation to the State hospital at Warren. Mr. Little, Extending mechanics liens. Mr. Mckee, A new liquor law. Mr. Gerwig presented the report of the commissioners appointed to inquire into the removal of the Western Penitentiary, and moved a committee of three to carry out the views of the commissioners. The Chair appointed Mr. Gerwig, of Allegheny, Mr. Thompson, of Fayette, and Mr. Toner, of Westmoreland. The following bills were negatived: For a Geological survey; for appropriation to the Allegheny Prison Society; to prevent banks from paying interest on deposits. Speaker McCormick returned from Washington this morning. He went over with the determination to decline the District Attorneyship, and did so peremptorally.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER

WASHINGTON, D. C., Mar. 21, 1874.

A SUMNER MONUMENT is to be erected by the colored people of Washington. It will be of classic design and magnificent proportions; and will fully and appropriately commemorate the pure life, personal sacrifices and arduous services of the great advocate of emancipation and enfranchisment of four millions of American citizens who were born to servitude. These are now, largely through the agency of the deceased Senator, in the full enjoyment of all the rights, privileges and immunities of citizenship. To effect this object was the purpose of his life. That he had lived to see it fully attained was a great satisfaction to him, and added greatly to the calm contentment of the last hours of his life. The colored race owe it to themselves, and to the manhood with which they have been clothed, to commemorate in an appropriate manner these services.

MR. SUMNER'S SUCCESSOR.

This question is already being discussed here. Messrs. Dawes, Butler and the brothers Hoar are among the strongest men spoken of. There is no doubt that the President wishes to see Gen. Butler succeed Mr. Sumner; but it is thought that the White House influence will not count for much with the legislature of Massachusetts. In the mean time, all sorts of manœuvers are being played for the rich prize by the friends of the several candidates.

SENATORS BOUTWELL AND MORTON

are both ill, and will not, propably, be able to occupy their seats in the Senate for some time. It is doubtful that Mr. Morton will ever thoroughly regain his health so as to take an active part in public affairs; and there is so little hope of Mr. Boutwell's speedy recovery that the President of the Senate, *pro tem.*, Mr. Carpenter, has replaced him on the District Investigating Committee, of which he was Chairman, by Senator Stewart, of Nevada.

PATENT-RIGHT SWINDLERS—ELECTRIC BUTTER.

It now appears that the parties who recently procured a patent for making *buttereine*, an account of which appeared in the Washington papers, a few days since, made false representations to the public. They claimed to have patented a churn which will convert pure milk, without the use of any other ingredient, into almost an equal amount of butter, in less than one minute. They represented that this wonderful change in the milk was produced simple by galvanic action, and the inventor has been insisting that the substance produced is pure butter. Soon after obtaining the order of the department allowing the patent, they gave an exhibition in a private room here, and, by a slight-of-hand process, succeeded in deceiving those present. They then hastened to New York to commence the sale of State rights, upon the strength of items published in Washington misrepresenting the invention. But their nervous haste to sell their patent right, and other peculiarities in their demeanor, have led to a thorough investigation; and it has been ascertained that the substance which they call *buttereine* is produced by placing one pound of butter and the yolks of two eggs into each gallon of milk used, and washing the inside of the churn with nitrate of soda. The milk is caused to coagulate into a substance resembling butter, by the churning process, and by the hot and cold baths into which the churn is successively placed. There are four men implicated in this deception—three Californians and a Vermonter. The Vermonter "caps the game." He pretends to be a capitalist, and to have purchased the right for the State of New York for $8,000. They endeavored, at first, to procure a patent for making pure butter, but that was refused; then they attempted to get their patent for *buttereine* without making known what ingredients they used. When they were compelled to make them known, they tried to have their secret kept in the Patent Office for six months; but they succeeded only in having it withheld until next Monday. Meanwhile, they expected to sell their rights for a large sum of money. They positively declared to the members of the press here that nothing was used except pure milk, and by that means got their pretended invention noticed.

THE EUROPEAN "PEACE SOCIETIES."

I see, by the London papers, that the "Peace Societies" in Great Britain, and all over the Continent of Europe, are likely to abandon many of the impracticable methods they have hitherto employed to secure the great end for the attainment of which they were organized; and that they will, hereafter, concentrate their energies and their means on endeavoring to influence the several governments of the world in favor of an international code of laws, and of an international court composed of representatives of all the nations. The peaceful termination, by arbitration, of the cross suits growing out of the late civil war in America, Brought against each other by England and the United States, demonstrates, beyond reasonable doubt, that a very large proportion, if not all, of the differences arising between nations could be peacefully adjusted by such a permanent international tribunal as is sought to be established. But these "Peace Society" people say that prevention is better than cure; and that the expenses and bad feeling growing out of arbitration would often be avoided by the existence of an international code and a court—that no armed vessels, for example, would have been permitted to leave England to destroy the commerce of the United States; and that the Government of the United States, on the other hand, would not have been so forgetful of its duties to a friendly government as to permit men to be recruited in America, and to sail from an American port with arms and ammunition, as in the case of the *Virginius*, for the avowed purpose of invading the territory of that friendly government, and annihilating its law and its authority, if it had been known that heavy damages, awarded by an international court, would have been the inevitable consequence of failing or neglecting to prevent the fitting out and sailing of vessels of the character of the *Virginius*.

A PUBLIC SWIMMING SCHOOL

is about to be established in Washington, owing chiefly to the exertions of Dr. Verdi, an energetic member of the Board of Health. Some zealous advocates of the co-education of the sexes are making an effort to have the school open to both sexes; provided, of course, that they drape themselves so as to preserve the decencies. AMERICUS.

SNOW SHOE ITEMS.—We have been resting on our oars and calmly watching the contest between the *Watchman* and the REPUBLICAN, over the Bellefonte freight depot that is to be. We were considerably amused, though not at all surprised at the weapons used. "Sarcasm" and "Facts," shot from paper guns, do not make a perceptible increase in the mortality reports of your town. That the citizens of Bellefonte are not looking to "our own" interests is shown by the fact that they have never once thought of Snow Shoe as a site for the freight depot. I will present a few facts to show you the advantages Snow Shoe has over Bellefonte. Understand, Mr. Editor, we have no 'axe to grind,' though I don't see what the grinding of axes has to do with the question. A friend remarked that he "had heard that story of 'Webster's axe' so often that every time he thought of it he ground his teeth."

But to the question: We have no confidential Furguson families in this vicinity, and hence the morals of the place are of the first water. And your poor teamsters would not run the risk of being polluted by some cousin of a Furguson in the form of a bottle. We could start a protracted meeting and do the poor teamsters a power of good. Our public park would answer for the depot, as it is not occupied. I could tell you of other advantages, but I have something to say that is not intended for others, viz: If the freight depot is moved out here, and you would advance me about one hundred dollars, I could start a saloon and sell the poor teamsters something to cheer their weary souls and make lots of money, (for myself.) I have no interest in this question, but if the depot was out here I could make some money selling some tea-berry juice.

—Mr. Rhoades bought a cow out here. It was real "funny" to see them put that cow on the car. I know that cow did not like to go, but she went, oh, but it was "funny."

EDITOR'S TABLE.

We have received from the publishers a copy of THE GREAT SENSATION, by Leob Oliver, being a full history of the famous Beecher-Tilton-Woodhull imbroglio, prefaced by biographical sketches of Henry Ward Beecher, Theodore Tilton, Victoria Woodhull, Tennie C. Claflin, Col. Blood, and Henry C. Bowen, and illustrated by portraits of the leading characters. These sketches are written in a free, chatty style, and are highly interesting and graphic in their delineations of their peculiar characteristics to whom they refer, introducing by way of illustration, numerous anecdotes and incidents which we do not remember to have seen in print before. There are also copious extracts from the speeches and writings of Mrs. Woodhull, explanatory of her peculiar views upon social freedom, and other topics.

Whatever people may think of these doctrines, it is very certain they are commanding the attention of a large number of thinkers, and they must be met and answered by arguments envolved by careful investigation. The story of the great scandal is clearly and as we think candidly told, unbiassed by any partizanship for either side. It is a fascinating and entertaining book, and will throw much light upon a subject, which, while it has been much talked about and written about, has not generally been well understood. The style is pleasing and free from anything which can be justly considered offensive. The mechanical part of the work is creditable. A large octavo volume of nearly 400 pages, printed upon heavy paper from clear type and elegantly bound in best English muslin, with gilt sides and back. We predict for it an immence sale, and feel sure that any one who commences to read it, will not be easily induced to lay down it until it is perused to the end.

It is to be sold by subscription only, and may be purchased from local or canvessing agents, or ordered direct from the pub'lishers. Price $3.00

THE BEVERLY CO., Chicago, Ill.

—We have received the St. Nicholas for April from which we take the following extract

A BOY IS A BOY.—Here's a verse for some of my little fellows to learn. I don't know that it will do them any particular good, but I am sure it won't do them any harm, and it may keep them a little within bonds:

"Brutus find out where their talents lie
A bear does not attempt to fly;
A foundered horse will oft debate
Before he tries a five-barr'd gate.
In man we see the only creature
Who, led by folly, combats nature."

I've seen some boys who, it seemed to me, were trying to be bears, others to fancy themselves bull-dogs, and others who appeared to fancy themselves apes; but, you see, there's no getting away from it.—a boy's a boy, and the more he acts like a boy the better off he will be. The verse means a good deal more than this, but the idea I have given will do to begin with.

HOW IT PAYS.—The *Star Spangled Banner* for April contains five columns of fine type, exposing the swindling concerns of the day. It gives an account of the collapse of the notorious Union Furnishing Co., of Chicago, the arrest and closing up of the Magnolia, Iowa, Gift Swindle, a full expose of the Tricks and Traps of Americus and innumerable other ventilations of the Quacks, Swindlers and Humbugs that prey upon the public. The *Banner* has long stood at the head of the press as an expositor of Swindling, and this number is worthy the attention of everybody. *Six cents buys it of any news-man* or it will be sent by addressing,

BANNER, HINSDALE, N. H.

THE REPUBLIC.—A monthly magazine, published at Washington, D. C., at $2 per annum. The March number of this periodical is before us, and contains several articles of rare value. The aims of *The Republic* seem to be three-fold—to spread political information, to educate its readers to political thought, and to teach them to form an independent judgment upon political questions. Its contents are not holiday reading, for knowledge in any science can only be obtained by diligence and labor, but we are fully convinced that those who carefully read this valuable publication will be necessarily well qualified to discharge their duties as citizens.

One of the principal articles is an essay on the Wealth of the Nation, which condenses in a few pages all that is of practical value contained in an immense quarto census volume. It is in fact a compendium of a compendium. Another essay is an analysis of the Expenditures of the Federal Government for the last fiscal year, and is a full and frank exhibit. Every number is a political text-book, and those who are really intent on securing better government instead of merely a change of parties can aid the cause in no better way than by introducing *The Republic* to the people.

In the Appendix will be found the great speech of Mr. Garfield on Expenditures, and of Representatives Fort and Kellogg on Finance.

"SUMNER'S Grand Funeral March," by E. Mack, comes to us from the Publishers, Lee & Walker, Philadelphia. It is a beautiful tribute to the memory of the champion of universal liberty, and a copy should be on every piano in the land. It can be had at any Music Store for 30 cents, or will be mailed on receipt of that amount by the Publishers.

——List of Traverse Jurors for first week of April term, 1874. Drawn February 26, 1874.

George Bresser, Patton
George Homan, Ferguson
John A Hunter, Half Moon
Mark Mooney, Snow Shoe
J Miles Green, Milesburg
Geo Mattern, Patton
L G Kesler, Philipsburg
John H Beck, Walker
Philip Recides, Boggs
Peter Hoffer, Potter
John S Foster, Harris
John Taylor, Gregg
Jacob Craft, Burnside
William Shortlidge, Bellefonte
Jacob Spotts, Union
Wm Bower, Harris
John Rishel, Benner
Wm Ishler Benner
William Armagart, Potter
Isaac Train, Marion
Geo McGaffey, Rush
J H Swartz, Penn
John Foreman, Potter
D F Shope, Boggs
George Thomas, Bellefonte
John McCloskey, Curtin
Daniel Irwin, Huston
P A Sellers, Patton
A P Hosterman, Potter
Jacob V Thomas, Bellefonte
Frederick Catherman, Penn
H E Gentzel, Spring
J H Linn, Boggs
John Divers, Walker
Wm Musser, Ferguson
Henry G Smith, Penn
Isaac Beck, Half Moon
Wm P Harris, Walker
Hezekiah Hoy, Benner
John A Stover, Liberty
D F Luse, Potter
Frank Steel, Bellefonte
Geo W Tate, Bellefonte
J G Stine, Patton
Samuel Aley, Marion
Absalom F Tipton, Curtin
David Dennis Ferguson.

List of Grand Jurors for April term. Drawn February 26, 1874.

W J Dale, Spring
Elias Kreamer, Penn
James P Frank, Miles
E M Luceas, Unionville
Lot Evans, Gregg
Robert Gohecn, Harris
Joseph E Mitchell, Benner
A J Shivery, Benner
Martin Vedeffer, Burnside
Henry G Royer, Miles
J P Heckman, Gregg
Robert Hepburn, Bellefonte
Christian Derr, Bellefonte
Daniel Frye, Ferguson
Daniel Dorman, Walker
B O Deininger, Penn
Emanuel Harter, Miles
David Emerick, Gregg
Henry Derr, Bellefonte
Daniel Bartges, Gregg
Constance Curtin, Boggs
J C Dunkle, Rush
Harrison Kline, Spring
Andrew Fetzer, Jr Boggs.

List of Traverse Jurors for second week of April term. Drawn February 26th, 1874.

John T Krebs, Ferguson
Samuel Van Tries, Bellefonte
Andrew Gramley, Miles
Frank McCoy, Boggs
S H Kunes, Liberty
Charles Wolf, Haines
Thomas Bowes, Liberty
C C Taylor, Spring
Thomas McEwen, Union
James Perks, Philipsburg
John Bing, Unionville
Ephraim Keller, Potter
James Antis, Howard twp
P W Burket, Half Moon
Charles Snyder, Ferguson
Wm H McCausland, Philipsburg
Thomas Adams, Boggs
S J Herring, Gregg
Joseph Thompson, Worth
Daniel Strayer, Miles
Henry Dunkle, Philipsburg
George H. Weaver, Bellefonte
J P Shope, Milesburg
William Holt, Snow Shoe
Samuel T Strohecker, Miles
P Gray Meek, Bellefonte
Balser Weber, Howard boro
Oscar Adams, Philipsburg
A J Burrel, Haines
H D Yerger, Bellefonte
Michael Fidler, Haines
J M Hall, Howard twp
Simon Bathurst, Boggs
Samuel Couds, Miles
Alexander Koon, Potter
John G Sankey, Potter.

——Trial list for April term, 1874. First week, commencing April 27.

1. Etnier and Foust vs E A Green & Co.
2. 1st National Bank of Huntingdon vs same.
3. Same vs J Green and Eby
4. J P Coburn vs G Vanada, et al.
5. J Smith use of, vs R H Wilson.
6. Welch and Allen vs J Westlerode.
7. Same vs Taylor Day, et al
8. A T Moorhead vs E & G Hastings.
9. Com. of Penna. vs H Brockerhoff.
10. J & G Frazier vs Hale & Co.
11. John Hoy vs William Hoy.
12. Wm Thurston vs P G Meek.
13. W S Wilson, et al, trustee, vs J & H S Thompson.
14. Lloyd, Caldwell & Co vs J V Thomas & Co.
15. Amelia Boyer vs J W Shoff.
16. J P Harris vs Bradley Childs, et al.
17. T Burnside vs George M Yocum's Administrator.
18. Milliken, Hoover & Co vs Jesse Underwood's Adm'r.
19 S McCrickert & Co vs C Brown.
20. Maria Filghman et al, vs B F Shaffer.

Second week, commencing **May 4**, 1874.

1 Wm Young et al, vs C Quigley.
2 Harper Bros vs E Curtin.
3 T H Richardson vs George Gates.
4 Sarah Corman vs L B McEntries et al.
5 Norwood Coal and Lumber Co vs John Elliot & Co.
6 Benj. Schrock vs Poor Overseers of Bellefonte borough.
7 J P Gephart, Administrator vs Bothrock's heirs.
8 A Garman vs Penna R R Co.
9 M Kramer vs A Reeder.
10 T Soughey vs J Lucas, Adm'r.
11 R Pletcher vs Penna R R Co.
12 Judah Whitcomb vs Philipsburgh Coal and Iron Co.
13 Jas Robeson vs Gideon Wheeland.
14 H L Bracker et al, vs S L Bracker.
15 C Heverly vs Penna R R Co.
16 D Beechdol vs same.
17 John White vs J Bechdol.
18 John White et ux, vs J M Cool.
19 Clark Cone vs Derby Coal Co.
20 E W Hale vs Jesse Klinger.
21 J Snyder vs Benj Ligget.
22 J Cortland et al, vs D Z Kline et al.
23 D M Wagner vs J S Forster.
24 L W Munson & Co vs J Whitcomb.
25 W W Aspley & Co vs R L Batcheller.
26 Samuel B Wy.and vs Wm Sechley.
27 Todd & Duncan vs B & P D Ligget.
28 Lloyd, Caldwell & Co vs J S Reed & Co.
29 McGirk & Perks vs A Owen.
30 R Lloyd vs same.
31 Wm Showers vs J Gordon's Adm'r.
32 David Betts vs Snow Shoe twp.
33 May, Loeb & Co vs same.
34 1st National Bank of Bellefonte vs J P Felt & Co.
25 J Heverly vs Penna R R Co.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

DON'T BE DISCOURAGED.—Suppose you have "tried fifty remedies" and received no benefit, is there therefor "no balm in Gilead?" Verily there is. Your liver may be congested, your stomach half paralyzed, your nerves quivering, your muscles knotted with torture, your bowels constricted, your lungs diseased, you blood full of impurities—yet in one week after commencing a course of Dr. Walker's Vinegar Bitters you will feel like a new creature. 11 4w.

THOUSANDS OF PROMISING YOUTHS of both sexes go down to untimely graves, from general debility and weakness, who might be saved by fortifying their systems with Iron. The Peruvian Syrup is an Iron Tonic prepared expressly to supply this vitalizing element and is the only preparation of iron that will assimilate at once with the blood.

JOHNSTONS Anodyne Liniment is without doubt the safest, surest and best remedy that has ever been invented for internal and external use It is applicable to a great variety of complaints and is equally beneficial for man or beast. We have seen it stated in various papers throughout the country, that Agents for Sheridan's Cavalry Conditon Powders were authorized to refund the money to any person who should use and not be satisfied with the result. We doubted this at first, but the proprietors authorize us to say that it is true.

☞E. F. KUNKEL'S BITTER WINE OF IRON.

E. F. Kunkle's celebrated Bitter Wine of Iron will effectually cure liver complaint, jaundice, dyspepsia, chronic or nervous debility, chronic diarrhœa, diseases of the kidneys, and all others diseases arising from a disordered liver, stomach or intestines, such as contipation, flatulence, inward piles, fullness of blood to the head, acidity of the stomach, nausea, heartburn, disgust for food, fullness or weight in the stomach, sore eructations, sinking or fluttering at the pit of the stomach, swimming of the head, hurried or difficult breathing, fluttering at the heart, choking or suffocating sensation when in a lying posture, dimness of vision, dots of webs before the sight, dull pain in the head, deficiency of prespiration, yellowness of skin and eyes, pain in the side, head, chest, limbs, etc., sudden flushes of heat, burning in the flesh, constant imaginings of evil, and great depression of spirts. Price $1 per bottle. Beware of counterfeits. Do not let your druggist palm off some other preparation of iron he may say is as good, but ask for Kunkle's Wine of Iron. Take no other. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron is not sold in bulk—only in $1 bottles. E. F. Kunkel, Proprietor, No. 259 North Ninth St., Philad'a, Pa.

Sold by the druggists and dealers everywhere. 10-4w.

Grain and Flour Markets.

Corrected Weekly by Brockerhoff Bros.

BELLEFONTE, March 23, 1874

White Wheat per bushel.....	$1 45
Red wheat No. 1.....	1 40
Barley.....	90
Corn, ears.....	60
Shelled corn.....	60
Oats.....	65
Rye per bushel.....	40
Buckwheat per bushel.....	
Clover seed " "	4 75
Plaster ₱ ton.....	15 00

Provision Market.

Corrected Weekly by Brockerhoff Bros.

Apples, dried, per lb.....	@5½
Peaches, dried, per lb.....	12½@15@22
Cherries, dried, per lb.....	5
Beans per quart.....	10
Fresh Butter lb.....	25
Chickens, per piece.....	25
Turkeys, per lb.....	10
Cheese per lb.....	20
Hams per lb.....	
Bacon.....	
Sides.....	
Butter.....	50
Lard per lb.....	8
Eggs per doz.....	20
Tallow, per pound.....	8
Rags.....	2
Potatoes per bushel.....	60
Dried Beef.....	

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Farmers and Horse Breeders.

THE subscriber, Importer of Percheron Stallions, offers for sale one of his celebrated Imported Percheron Stallions 'WASHINGTON' to farmers of Centre county. Three or four farmers in as many days could raise a club and send a select committee to see him. The advantage of a club is, it enables farmers at a comparatively small cost to introduce fresh blood into their already degenerated stock. Every county in the State should have one of these Imported Draft Stallions; they have more action, endurance, muscle and style than any of the Draft Breeds known. For particulars as to the best means of raising a club, address

J. J PARKER,
Importer, Chester Knoll Stock Farm;
West Chester, Pa.

One of my Imported Stallions, "Lafayette," will be at Milroy, Mifflin county, March 26, Lewistown, March 28th. 12 1t.

WHY DO YOU KEEP PORK HOGS OVER WINTER?

Go to Tipton's in Curtin twp., and get grade Essex spring pigs for your fall pork. They will weigh from two to three hundred pounds at eight months of age. Then you have choice pork. Or get a pure Essex and improve your stock. They are probably the purest breed in the country. vol6 no 12-3mo.

BLANKS.

WE KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND the most complete assortment of

BLANKS

OF ALL KINDS

To be found outside of Philadelphia, which we offer to the public at

LESS THAN

WHOLESALE PRICES

In any number from one to ten thousand, which can be obtained either at

THIS OFFICE

Or at the store of

JAMES WELCH & CO.,

Next door to First National Bank.

READ OUR PRICE LIST.

Summonses.....per hund.		40c
Subpœnas.....	"	40c
Executions.....	"	40c
Constables' Warrants	"	40c
Judgments Note	"	40c
Promisory Notes	"	40c
Exemption Notes	"	40c
Judgment and Exemption Notes.....		40c
Motions for Judgment		50c
Affidavit to Account		50c
Statement & Confession		$1.00
Amicable Action and Confession.....		1.00

Leases per doz. 50c. 5c apiece.

NOTARY PUBLIC BLANKS,
COLLECTION BLANKS,
CHECKS,
DRAFTS,
RECEIPTS,
ORDERS,
&c., &c., &c.

Notes, Drafts, Receipts, &c., bound, per 100,50c

ALSO ALL KINDS OF

BLANK BOOKS

AT EQUALLY LOW RATES.

We are prepared to furnish ANY BLANK NOT MENTIONED ABOVE at equally low rates

Orders by mail should be addressed to

E. T. & R. P. TUTEN,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Or, JAMES WELCH & CO., Agents.

Next door to First National Bank,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Groceries and Provisions.

WOODRING & CO.

(Successors to D. H. Ruhl,)

ALLEGHENY STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.

MESSRS. WOODRING & CO. have entirely re-stocked their store with the very best assortment of

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

&c., &c., which they offer at

PRICES WHICH DEFY COMPETITION!

☞Remember the place—D. H. Ruhl's old stand. 5-39-1y

GROCERIES!

YOU CAN BUY THE

BEST

AND

CHEAPEST

GROCERIES

PROVISIONS,

TEAS,

SPICES,

and all other goods in that line of

SECHLER & CO.

We keep a large stock, great variety and good goods, and deal only in what belongs to th REGULAR GROCERY BUSINESS!

We are the only

STRICTLY GROCERY HOUSE

IN CENTRE COUNTY

We take all kinds of country produce, and GUARANTEE POSITIVELY to do better with you on GROCERIES and all other goods in our line than you can do with any other store. CALL AND SEE US.

SECHLER & CO.

BUSH HOUSE BLOCK, BELLEFONTE.
5 31-tf

RETAIL PRICE LIST.

BURNSIDE & THOMAS,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

JOBBING

And Commission Merchants!

Salt by the barrel	3.25
Salt by the sack	2.25
White Sugar	13cts per pound
Men's Stoga boots	3.75 per pair
Men's Moose boots	3.50 per pair
Horse blankets	1.75 a peice
Men's Shirts	1.00 a piece
Army Pantaloons	2.75 a pair
Best double thick tobacco	35cts per bar
Best Navy tobacco	50 cts a bar

We are Wanamaker & Brown's agents and will furnish customers with any kind of clothes they want at Philadelphia prices.

We have the largest stock of Merchandise ever brought here. Cellar room and up stairs all full. Call and see for yourself and

SAVE FROM 20 to 50 PER CENT.

The highest market prices paid for butter, eggs, grain &c.

50 Different Kinds Men's Gloves.

BURNSIDE & THOMAS.

Miscellaneous

NOTICE.

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE

SPECIAL TAXES.

May 1, 1874, to April 30, 1875.

The LAW of December 24, 1872, requires every person engaged in any business, avocation, or employment which renders him liable to a Special Tax to PROCURE AND PLACE CONSPICUOUSLY IN HIS ESTABLISHMENT OR PLACE OF BUSINESS a stamp denoting the payment of said SPECIAL TAX for the Special Tax year beginning May 1, 1874, before commencing or continuing business after April 30, 1874.

The taxes embraced within the Provisions of the Law above quoted are the following, viz:

Rectifiers	$200.00
Dealers, retail liquor	25.00
Dealers, wholesale liquor	100.00
Dealers in malt liquors, wholesale	50.00
Dealers in malt liquors, retail	20.00
Dealers in leaf tobacco	25.00
Retail dealers in leaf tobacco	500.00
And on sales of over $1,000, fifty cents, for every dollar in excess of 1,000.	
Dealers in manufactured tobacco	5.00
Manufacture of stills	50.00
And for each still manufactured	20.00
And for each worm manufactured	20.00
Manufacturers of tobacco	10.00
Manufacturers of cigars	10.00
Peddlers of tobacco, first class (more than two horses)	50.00
Peddlers of tobacco, second class (two horses)	25.00
Peddlers of tobacco, third class (one horse)	15.00
Peddlers of tobacco, fourth class (on foot or public conveyance)	10.00
Brewers of less than 500 barrels	50.00
Brewers of 500 barrels or more	100.00

Any person, so liable, who shall fail to comply with the foregoing requirements will be subject to severe penalties.

Persons or firms liable to pay any of the Special Taxes named above must apply to John H. Burrows, Collector of Internal Revenue at Williamsport, Pa., and pay for and procure the Special Tax Stamp or Stamps they need, prior to May 1, 1874, and without further notice.

J. W. DOUGLASS,
Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
Washington, D. C., February 16, 1874.

I will visit the following places to receive taxes, Bellefonte April 29th 1864, and Philipsburg April 30th, 1874.

JOHN H. BURROWS,
10-5t. Collector.

JOHN I. RANKIN'S AGENCY.

FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY!

Established 1871. Established 1871.

THE BEST AMERICAN COMPANIES.

THE BEST ENGLISH COMPANIES.

☞**POLICIES WRITTEN ON APPLICATION AT EQUITABLE RATES.**☜

CALL AND SEE US.

Office--"National Bank" Building!

REAL ESTATE!

TIMBER LANDS A Specialty!

HOUSES IN BELLEFONTE FOR SALE!

LOTS IN BELLEFONTE FOR SALE!

☞Seven (7) Dwelling Houses in Bellefonte for Rent—Rents from $75 to $150 per year.

Also, Ten (10) Rooms in the most desirable portion of Bellefonte, suitable for Offices or Societies' Rooms.

Office--"National Bank Building,"

BELLEFONTE, PA.

——List of letters remaining in the Bellefonte Post Office, Mar. 23, 74.

John Adams, T. H. Akers, S. M. Brewster, Miss E. Bressler, John W. Biddle, Mrs L. Cook, Miss Mary E. Clark, George Clinger, James P. Freece, Mrs. Gibson, Short, Hall & Co., Henry Hoffman, Mrs. Eliza Kern, Silvesta Korman, John F. Kline, Miss Jennie Molinder, John McCormick, Mrs. Nancy Niller, C. D. Runkle, John Sheckler, James Scottinger, Miss Sadie Steel, Peter Teot, John Taylor, C. A. Walter.

EXECUTORS NOTICE.—The will of John Gardner late of Fergurson twp., having been admitted to probate, letters testamentary thereunto have been issued to the undersigned, of which all persons interested will please take notice.

ELIZA M. GARDNER,
WILSON GARDNER,
ROBERT GARDNER.
12-9

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—Notice is hereby given that I have this day bought from Levi W. Ricks, the following personal property, which is in use in log camp on Field Run, Centre Co., Pa.: Four Teams and Harnesses, or eight head of Horses, one Two-horse Lumber Wagon, one pair Bob Sleighs, two Cook Stoves, two Wood Stoves, Bedding and Camp Equipage, Trailing Chains, Grabs, Blacksmithing Tools, Axes, Cant Hooks, Saws, &c., and all the Personal Property on the premises on Field Run, in or about the log camp, and that I shall leave the same on said premises, in the possession of whomsoever I may elect, during my pleasure. THOMAS TOSIER.
Signed this 26th of Feb., 1874. 9-3t

Leather, &c.

ABRAHAM SUSSMAN,

DEALER IN

ALL KINDS OF LEATHER,

FRENCH AND DOMESTIC,

SHOE FINDINGS

of every description constantly on hand

HIDES,
CALFSKINS and
SHEEPSKINS

IN THE RAW,

BOUGHT FOR CASH.

THE GREATEST VARIETY OF

TRUNKS AND VALISES

IN THE CITY.

CLOVER AND TIMOTHY

BOUGHT AND SOLD AT ALL TIMES.

It is impossible to fix a price upon seed without seeing it. Farmers will please remember this and bring their seed along with them when they want to sell. If you fail to do this, although you may have the best of seed, you may get only the price paid for an inferior quality. Bring along your seed and we will pay you the highest market price.

BUSH'S ARCADE, BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.
5-41-6m

Philadelphia Advertisements

W. H. LOYD, WILSON LOYD

W. H. LOYD & CO.,

Bankers and Stock Brokers,

No. 52 South 3d St., Philadelphia.

COMMERCIAL PAPER NEGOTIATED. Gold and Government Securities Bought and Sold at Market Prices. 13—1y

CHAS. CAMBLOS & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

NO. 28 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

DEALERS IN

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

GOLD, SILVER, &C.,

☞Pennsylvania Railroad Divided Scrip Bought and Sold on Commission.

☞Stocks and Bonds Bought and Sold on Commission.

☞Particular attention given to Investments.
48-1y

CRUMBS

Are a modern stove polish, far better than any other in existence OF Are better because they give a finer gloss than any other polish

COMFORT

Yield a brilliant silvery sheen, with less than half the labor required when other polishes are used

CRUMBS

Are a neat and cleanly article, making no dirt nor dust when used. OF Can be used even in the parlor without the trouble of removing furniture or

COMFORT

carpets.

Has do disagreeable sulphurous or strong acid smell when prepared for use, but are pleasant and harmless.

CRUMBS

Are put up in neat style and in form more convenient for use than any other polish. OF In each box are 12 sticks; 1 stick is sufficient for anystove, thus all waste saved.

COMFORT

Are the cheapest polish in the market, because one box at 10 cents will polish as much surface as 25 cents worth of the older polishes.

CRUMBS

Have just taken the 1st premium at the Indianapolis Exposition. OF In connection with several of the best of the old stove polishes

COMFORT

BUY CRUMBS OF COMFORT of your storekeeper, if he has them, or procure them for you; if not, one dollar, your name, and the name of your nearest express station and we will send you 10 boxes, and samples of Bartlett's Blacking and Pearl Blueing, free of cost.

CRUMBS OF COMFORT can be had of all Wholesale Grocers and Dealers in the United States, and Retail Dealers will find them the most profitable, from the fact that they are the fastest selling article of the kind in the market.

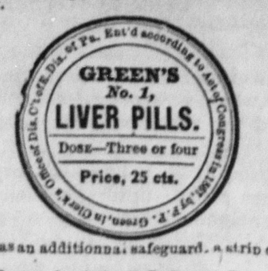
H. A. BARTLETT & CO.,
115 North Front St., Philad'a.
143 Chambers St., New York.
43 Broad St., Boston. [44-6m-c-o-m

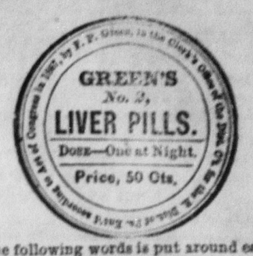
F. P. Green, Medicines.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS

HAVING, for many years, been engaged in the manufacture of proprietary medicines known as **GREEN'S No. 1 and NO. 2 LIVER PILLS**, the merits of which have obtained for them a large sale. Other parties wishing to take advantage of the reputation these pills have gained, have put forth a base imitation of the same. In order that there may be no deception, we request attention to the following:

☞**ALL GENUINE Green's Liver Pills** are put up in **ROUND** boxes, not oval, with the following **Copyrigt** label, any infringement of which will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.





And as an additional safeguard, a strip containing the following words is put around each box

☞Prepared only by F. F. GREEN, Bellefonte, Pa., without whose signature none is genuine.

F. P. Green

☞ALL OTHERS ARE COUNTERFIET.☜

Examine each box and see that it corresponds with the above description, and that the name is spelled correctly, thus: G-R-E-E-N, and not G-r-e-e-n-e.

Sold WHOLESALE and RETAIL in Bellefonte, only at my Drug Store, n Bush House Block and by R. F. Rankin & Co., Allegheny, street Forwarded by mail to any part of the United State on receipt of price.

☞All orders must be directed to F. POTTS GREEN, Bellefonte, Pa. v5n19-tf

Jas. Welch & Co. Books and Stationery.

James Welch & Co

(OPPOSITE THE BUSH HOUSE,)

Dealers in Books, Stationery and Fancy Goods, Gold Pts and Pencils, Pocket Books, Toys, Pocket Knives, Picture and Picture Frames.

A large assortment of Blank Books always on hand or procured order. 17

Dry Goods.

NEW GOODS!
NEW GOODS!

ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER,

NO. 2, BUSH ARCADE,

HIGH STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.,

Has just received a large invoice of

Spring Goods!

consisting of the best assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING!

DRESS GOODS,
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS & CAPS,
AND FANCY ARTICLES,

ever brought to Bellefonte.

Also, a large assortment of

CARPETS

LOWEST CASH PRICES!

☞Produce taken in exchange at highest market prices.

ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER.
5-12-tf

Miscellaneous.

1033		1033
	"CLOCK SPRING."	
1033		1033

CAUTION!!!

THE well earned reputation of our Patent Balance Clock Spring Window Shade Rollers has induced the makers of imperfect and worthless shade rollers to offer them as our Clock Spring, and buyers have in many instances been subjected to fraud and imposition. Buy only the genuine. We manufacture PLAIN SHADES, all colors. Fringe to match FRENCH AND AMERICAN PAPER HANGINGS A SPECIALTY.

JOHNSTON'S WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADE DEPOT, 1033 SPRING GARDEN STREET, PHILADELPHIA. ESTABLISHED 1857.
40-1y

CHROMO!

CHROMO!
CHROMO!
CHROMO!
CHROMO!
CHROMO!
CHROMO!
CHROMO!

Every subscriber to the BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN Is entitled to a BEAUTIFUL CHROMO On paying all arrearages and one year in advance. Also to all new subscribers Paying in advance. Subscription price

$2.00.

Address Bellefonte Republican,
Bellefonte, Pa.

Miscellaneous.

BOOK BINDERY

Chas. Knott,

BINDER FOR

BELLEFONTE PRESS COMPANY.

OFFICE AT PLANING MILL DAM.

Orders Addressed to
CHAS. KNOTT,
P.O. Box, 134, Bellefonte, P
will receive prompt attention.

Newspapers, Periodicals, Magazines, Plan Music and every other kind of publications,

☞BOUND IN ANY STYLE.☜

Constitutions, By-Laws and Pamphlet Work

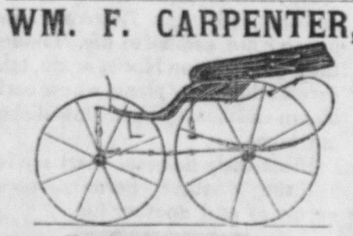
☞BOUND IN EVERY STYLE.☜

All work warranted to be done in the bes possible manner.

Prices Moderate!
v5n42-1y

Carriages.

WM. F. CARPENTER,

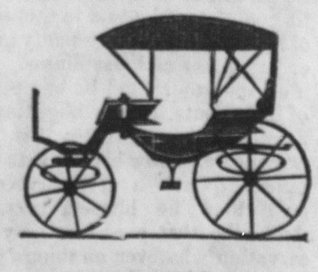


Manufacturer of and Dealer in

WAGONS,
BUGGIES,
CARRIAGES,
SLEDS, &c.,

BISHOP STEET, BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.
6-12-1y.

S. A. McQUISTION



MANUFACTURER OF

Buggies, Carriages, Wagons, Sleighs, &c.

REPAIRING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO!

SHOPS NEAR THE DEPOT.

Bellefonte, Pa.

v5n4-1y

BEELLFONTE REPUBLICAN

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Agricultural.

☞NOTE.—We earnestly desire that this department of our paper shall be made as useful as possible to our Agricultural friends, and therefore extend a cordial invitation to all parties interested, to favor us with contributions. Individuals who have made useful experiments and yet do not feel competent to write them out in form for publication, if they will favor us with the results we will take pleasure in putting them in proper shape.

Hints About Work.

The beautiful Spring is near, and those who have glanced at our previous *hints* will be prepared for *the work to be done*—the culture of the soil.

Again we ask attention to the care of animals, so that when some are driven a field they will be full of life and loveliness in the landscape; and so, too, that those for the draft may have strength enough for the labor before them.

Do not put off anything which can be done before the work begins *in earnest*.

Manure must be properly composted as well as saved.

Turn and assort potatoes and other vegetables—and remove refused matter.

Ventilate and whitewash cellars.

Clean and repair harness.

Overlook the implements again, and see that they are ready for use.

Implements, seeds and trees must be ready for the Spring.

Clean the old bark from apple trees, and wash them. Soft soap, or sal-soda heated to redness, and then dissolved in water, may be used as a wash.

Heel in trees till the soil is in condition for planting.

Remember that to select trees for home use is one thing—to select trees for market is another.

Make war on insects in the nursery and orchard.

Cut scions before the sap starts, and preserve them in dry earth, sand, or sawdust.

When the sleep of Winter is over, prune and graft the fruit trees—but before that sleep is over, prune the grape vines, if you did not prune them in the fall—prune currants and raspberries. Cut out old wood and shorten the new.

Let in air and light, through your trees—through all your plants

Make mats for frames and hot beds.

Ventilate cold frames.

Before making hot-beds, make shelter for them.

Prepare poles and brush for peas and beans.

Roll lawns after the frost—and top dress them—if necessary.

See the Dahlias, &c., do not decay in damp places.

Prune and thin the shrubs, but don't disturb the shrubbery.

Rid the walks of rubbish.

Look to the green-house and the house plants. Sudden changes of temperature mean death to the children of Flora. *Temperature* and *pure air* are *essential* to life. Though they cannot soon bloom again, take care of the *forced* plants whose early bloom and beauty have embellished our home.

Plant early flowers. Start seeds—as the weather permits—these germs of still another life.

One Man.

The influence of one man in a community, whether for good or evil, has frequently been a subject of public and private comment. If that man be a good one, the influence which flows from his life will be beneficial and ennobling, elevating all about him to a higher plane of existence, and consequently greater happiness and usefulness. But if on the other hand he be a person of bad repute, what a blighting influence goes out from his very presence and how his vile acts drag others down to a more miserable level than he himself occupies. And who that exercises any observation whatever on things passing around him, does not know of many instances of which the above are faithful examples. Now what is true in moral and social life is also true in practical life. The mechanic who is always steady at his employment, who works diligently every day, is by this very simple process exerting an influence for good upon the whole community where he is known, and especially upon the young. A farmer who reads, thinks and labors—who year after year goes on with his farm work and improvements, is silently but surely exercising an influence upon his brother farmers, that time cannot efface, and that will sooner or later yield positively beneficial results. One such farmer as this in a neighborhood is a power for good. Travel over the county and observe the condition of farms, buildings, fences, &c. You come into a neighborhood where the houses are poor, the barns old and weather beaten, the fences broken, and everywhere the indications of a run down, slip-shod, half hearted, dead and-alive condition of things—and on enquiry you find this may all be traced to the pernicious influence of a single individual, who has corrupted and demoralized the entire neighborhood. If there were decent men in it, they became disgusted and left for some other place; until gradually all his neighbors have become as low and indifferent as himself, and the whole district one upon which our commiseration may well be exercised. Or on the other hand you enter a community where everything is orderly and respectable, where society is good, where newspapers and books are read, where the houses are neat and embellished within and without with the adornments of art and nature, where there are fertile fields, good fences and nice stock—and generally you find these the direct results of similar beginnings, the influence of the one man power. Mr. A. began to fix up; he repaired his barn, set out fruit and ornamental trees, painted his house; and when these were done, put in operation a plan for the improvement of the school house, that the children might have a better place in which to go to school, and that they might take some pride in keeping it neat and clean. His neighbors soon felt the influence of his example; and they likewise planted trees, and subscribed for magazines, and got better stock—and before they were aware of it, found themselves better off, more thought of, happy, contented and satisfied. And are not there instances such as this common all over our country; and are they not true to nature?

Another instance of the good influence of one active, intelligent, progressive farmer is being seen in the work which our Farmers' Clubs and various other organizations for mutual improvement, are doing in the community; and it is in this direction that we look for still greater good to come from the influence of our young farmers of intelligence and activity. These associations have done and are still doing a great amount of good; and generally they are sustained and carried forward by the one man power. A young farmer of the district who believes in intelligence and in the good results of combined action for usefulness, starts the Farmers' Club, and perhaps carries it on alone for a time; until others becoming convinced of his unselfishness and his determination, when they put their shoulder to the work and help it along with their own personal labors and influence. And it is a matter for congratulation that Center County has so many such farmers as these; and in them we may safely trust the agricultural prosperity of our county. We have in almost every township, one young farmer at least who is beginning to see that the future belongs to him, and who is bound to make his influence for good felt. Let us honor and recognize these men; the future hope of the State is in their hands.

Thinking Farmers.

If farmers do not make their calling honorable, they have only themselves to blame. They are always called by politicians the "bone and sinew of the land," and if they neglect the cultivation of their minds they will never be anything but bone and sinew. Bone is good, but brain, is better. Muscle is necessary, but mind must direct.

The poor and ignorant may be just as good as the rich and wise, because moral worth is one thing and intellectual worth another; but it is a fact that those men ever have been and ever will be most respected who, with equal morals, make the best use of their hands. Lawyers and merchants only succeed in the world by dilligent study, and farmers can readily succeed in like manner.

A man may, in rare cases be an excellent, farmer, and yet be unable to read, but he is always a thinker. His neighbors read and he hears them talk. They gather ideas from books and apply them and he watches the result. In his own operations every good farmer watches carefully to discover the reasons for success and the causes for failure.

Vast good has resulted in our own county from farmers' clubs, where the experience of a neighborhood is talked over. To be useful they must be practical. It is not a lyceum for rhetorical culture—although confidence and ability in public speaking are among the results—but the object should be to compare facts and experiences. If a man has raised a good crop let him tell his neighbors, in a little gathering what kind of seed was used, when and in what manner planted. If a failure has occured, state fully the circumstances, and your neighbors may tell you wherein you failed. Even if no valuable information is directly elicited at a meeting, hints are often given and traing of thought are started that result in greater good.

Farmers, depend upon it you too much neglect your business, and do not sufficiently honor it by the active employment of your heads as well as hands. You may rise early and work late, but for the lack of forethought take many a false step and miss good crops. No merchant can succeed by such neglect as is common among farmers. It is not that farmers know less but they are not as alert and active to all improvement and progress. If they would think more about their business, success would oftener crown their efforts and greater honor redound to their occupation.

HOME EMBELLISHMENTS.— The leading idea governing the farmer's life should be to make a permanent, a profitable, and a beautiful home—one which will affort him a competency, pay him well for the time and labor he devotes to its care, and which will ever be remembered by those who grow up in it to manhood and womanhood, as the great oasis in the desert is thought of by the traveler who toils over long stretches of sandy wastes. So the farm should be made beautiful, and without any sacrifice of the practical, and but little labor performed at intervals of leisure time, with good taste, it may be so made.

The first improvement in this respect should be made around the dwelling, for there the family will get the most constant benefit from it. The grounds should be ample, though not so large as to incur the danger and neglect in care, and on all sides of the house, the rear and sides, as well as front, should be made pleasant, clean, and tasteful. A smooth, green, closely cut lawn, dry, winding walks, clumps of flowering shrubbery, shade trees of different kinds, for comfort, belts of evergreens for protection, should be made the chief features of these grounds. And near by, partly hid by trees and shrubbery, should be the grounds for growing small fruits, vegetables, and flowers. The chief expense of the embellishment indicated is the first cost, the planting, grading, turfing, and laying walks; that of taking care of the grounds, after well started, is but slight, and the work is one in which all the members of the family can join and take genuine pleasin doing.

For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE.—A two story frame store room, 20 by 38 feet, situated on the point of pike and mill street, in the borough of Milesburgh. Formley owned by W. H. Cook now ocupied by J. B. Hahn. For terms of sale call on J. W. Cook, Merchant at Bellefonte.
5-41-tf MRS. M. J. LEVAN.

WAGONS FOR SALE.—The undersigned has on hand some first-class two-horse wagons which they will dispose of for cash.—They intend keeping on hand wagons of the most improved style and finish. Persons wishing a first class wagon will do well to call and examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere. GEO. RIDER & SON,
6-8-tf Central City, Centre co., Pa.

LOTS FOR SALE.—A valuable lot, part of the old jail property, opposite the Court House; also two lots on Curtin street, East of residence of Robert Valentine; also, five lots on Allegheny street adjoining Robert Valentine on the North; also, four on same street, adjoining the new residence of James T. Hale; also two lots on Spring street near S. S. Lyons' residence; also, four lots on Linn street, adjoining property of Dr. Haves, and four others on same street, opposite; four on Lamb street, one on Bishop, upon which is erected a good, new stable. Apply to
8-4t CHAS. McCAFFERTY.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

By virtue of an order issued out of the Orphans' Court of Centre county, there will be sold at public sale, on the premises, in the Borough of Milesburg, at 10 o'clock A. M.,

Thursday, April 9th, 1874,

The following described lot or parcel of ground situate in said Borough, viz: Lot or parcel of ground fronting on Water street, adjoining lots of John Pownell on the East and West, and bounded on the North by Bald Eagle Creek, and known in the plat or plan of said Borough as Lot No. 11, late property of Joseph Shirk, deceased.

TERMS—One half the purchase money to be made on confirmation of sale, the other half to be paid in one year thereafter with interest to be secured by bond and mortgage.
11 3t. JOSEPH SHIRK, Ex'r.

FOR SALE OR RENT!

A WIRE MILL AND SPIRAL SPRING FACTORY, together with an excellent

WATER POWER!

ALL NEW AND IN PERFECT ORDER!

Situate on Logan's Branch just above Valentine's Forges, about one-half mile from Bellefonte. Also as much land as may be desired for the use of said Factory. For sale or rent. TERMS EASY. Inquire of
CHAS. McCAFFERTY, Owner,
or A. O. Furst, Bellefonte, Pa.

☞Two other water powers adjoining, unimproved, with land sufficient for any manufacturing purpose. 6-8-tf.

NOTICE.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing a certain note from John F. De Bass, for one hundred and four dollars, as I have a just and legal defence to the same. HERMAN PRINCE,
10 3-t. Curtain township.

BILL HEADS, CARDS, PROGRAMMES ENVELOPES, CIRCULARS, BLANKS, &c., NEATLY PRINTED AT THIS OFFICE

Miscellaneous.

DR. S. BELTZHOOVER'S

VEGETABLE COUGH SYRUP,

CURES

COUGHS,
COLDS,
HOARSENESS,
HOOPING COUGH,
CROUP,
ASTHMA,
DIFFICULT BREATHING,
PAINS IN THE CHEST
AND ALL DISEASES OF THE LUNGS.

Not only affording temporary relief, but affecting a rapid and lasting cure, and is warranted to give satisfaction in every instance. Hundreds of reliable and responsible certificates can be given by persons who have used this VEGETABLE SYRUP.

☞Sold by all Druggists and Store-Keepers. ☜
Address, DR. S BELTZHOOVER,
6-4-2an Pittsburgh, Pa.

THE OREAD
OF
Mt. Carroll Seminary,

IS one of the BEST EDUCATIONAL PERIODICALS that comes to our table. As an exponent of one of the first Institutions in the West, it should be in the hands of every family where there is a daughter to educate. Let every one who would select an Institution to patronize, send a three cent stamp and receive a sample copy of the "OREAD" and a large, HANDSOME LITHOGRAPH of the SEMINARY AND GROUNDS free. ADDRESS, PRINCIPAL Mt. CARROLL SEMINARY, CARROLL Co., Ill. 10-1y

PHILADELPHIA
Surgeons' Bandage Institute,
14 NORTH NINTH STREET.

NOTICE, second truss store above Market. B. C. EVERETT'S Patent Graduating Pressure Truss has cured rupture of 58 years' standing. Elastic Abdominal Supporters, Elastic Stockings, Shoulder Braces, Anus Bandages, Suspensories, Crutches, Deformity Instruments. 40 years' experience. Lady attendant. 5-45-1y

WANTED.—A first class wagon-maker. Apply by letter or in person to
W. H. MUSSER.
9 4t*. Milesburg, Pa.

MERCHANTS HOTEL,
CUMMINGS & MAUGLE,
FOURTH ST.,
A FEW DOORS ABOVE MARKET,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
The accomodations at the "Merchants" are first class and prices moderate. 6-9-tf

Furniture.

NEW FURNITURE STORE!

JOHN BRECHBILL,

Manufacturer and dealer in

FURNITURE

SPRING ST., BELLEFONTE, PA.,

HAS COMPLETED HIS ELEGANT

NEW STORE

And has now on hand the best assortment of

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

EVER OFFERED IN THIS CITY.

A very fine selection of WALL PAPER, will always be found at low prices. v6n10-tf

FURNITURE WAREROOM.

HOWARD STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.

BUREAUS,
SOFAS,
LOUNGES,
HAT RACKS,
WHAT-NOTS,
EXTENSION TABLES,
CHAIRS,
STANDS,
STOOLS, &c.,

of every description, quality and price, for sale cheaper than at any other establishment of the kind in Central Penn'a.

UNDERTAKER.

Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and prices kept constantly on hand. Also Coffins manufactured to order.
v6n10-tf H. P. HARRIS.

Tobacco and Segars.

NATIONAL TOBACCO STORE,

IN BASEMENT OF THE NEW FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING,

Bellefonte, Pa.,

R. C. CHEESMAN,

PROPRIETOR,

Keeps constantly on hand, the very best assortment of

CHOICE CIGARS,

TOBACCO

of all brands and qualities,

PIPES, SNUFF,

AND ALL KINDS OF SMOKERS' FINDINGS

☞The proprietor cordially invites his old friends and the public generally to give him a call. 6-4-1y

Insurance.

JOSEPH A. RANKIN, Continues to insure Real and Personal Property in the following Companies, viz: Lycoming Fire Insurance Company of Muncy Pa., Franklin Fire Insurance Company of Philadelphia Pa., German Insurance Company of Erie Pa., Armenia Insurance Company of Pittsburgh Pa., Columbia Insurance Company of Columbia Pa., and National Insurance Company of Hartford City. Office opposite the Presbyterian Church. v-5-no-2-1-y.

Foundries.

MILESBURG FOUNDRY.

CASTINGS AND MACHINERY OF ALL kinds made and fitted up in the best style

Thimble SKEINS

of the last improved style, Wholesale or Retail.

Turbine Water Wheels, Engines, &c.,

made to order. [5-17-1y] M. M. FAXON.

LOGAN FOUNDRY

NEAR THE RAIL ROAD DEPOT

BELLEFONTE, PA;

It is with pleasure I inform the people Centre and the adjoining counties, that I am now prepared to make

HOUSE CASTINGS,

such as Sash Weights, Cellar Window Grates &c., of all sizes.

Grist & Sawmill Castings, Sled

Soles of all kinds, Plows, Plow Shares. I also manufacture the

IMPROVED WORTZ PLOW.

Also, Egg Stoves, Stove Castings, Oven Doors and Grates, Coal Grates for Pavements, Water Pipes, Wagon Boxes, together with every

VARIETY OF CASTINGS,

kept constantly on hand, or made to order. All orders filled promptly. Give me a call. Don't forget the place, near the Railroad Depot, Bellefonte.
v6n1-1y. GEO. A. BAYARD

W. P. DUNCAN,

BELLEFONTE PA.

FOUNDER & MACHINIST.

MANUFACTURER OF

Steam Engines,

HOUSTON'S WATER WHEELS.

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,

Mill Machinery.

v3n46-1y.

Lumber etc.

TO BUILDERS!

HAVING purchased the Beech Creek Saw Mill Property, at Snow Shoe, Centre county, Pa., I am prepared to fill orders for

WHITE & YELLOW PINE,

OAK

HEMLOCK LUMBER.

Also, for

SHINGLES, PLASTERING LATH AND PALINGS.

W. M. HOLMES,

Post Office Address, Bellefonte, Centre Co. Pa. 3.47 tf

BELLEFONTE
CAR MANUFACTURING CO.,

(Successor to W. V. Hughes.)

BELLEFONTE

Manufactures and keeps always on hand

WHITE AND YELLOW

PINE FLOORING,

Weather boarding, of various styles.

Sash,
Blinds,
Doors,
Mouldings,
Brackets,
Scroll Sawing of every Description,

and Brackets of all sizes made to order.

Having a

BUCKLEY'S PATENT LUMBER DRYER

Connected with our establishment, we are enabled to manufacture our work from

THOROUGHLY SEASONED LUMBER

Orders from CONTRACTORS, BUILDERS, DEALERS, and the trade generally solicited.
BELLEFONTE CAR MANF'G CO.
5-25-tf. Bellefonte Centre Co., Pa.

Watches.

WATCHMAKER!

THE undersigned adopts this method of informing his friends and the people of Centre Co., that he is now located in the room adjoining the store of Harper Bros., on Spring St., where he is prepared to make and repair watches. He is solitous of business and guarantees complete satisfaction to all who may favor him with their work. Clocks watches and jewelry repaired upon the shortest notice. F. C. RICHARD.
v4n28-tf.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD—PHILADELPHIA & ERIE R. R. DIVISION.

WINTER TIME TABLE.

On and after SUNDAY, DECEMBER 1st, 1873, the Trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Rail Road Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

BUFFALO EXPRESS leaves Phila.			12.55 p. m
"	"	" Harrisb'g	5.05 p. m
"	"	" Williamsp't	9.20 p. m
"	"	" Emporium	2.15 a. m
"	"	arr. at Buffalo	8.50 a. m
ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia			10.20 p. m
"	"	Harrisburg	3.05 a. m
"	"	Williamsport	7.50 a. m
"	"	Lock Haven	8.40 a. m
"	"	Renovo	10.05 a. m
"	"	arr. at Erie	7.20 p. m
ELMIRA MAIL leaves Philadelphia,			8.00 a. m
"	"	" Harrisburg	1.20 p. m
"	"	" Williamsport	6.20 p. m
"	"	arr. at Lock Haven	7.55 p. m
RENOVO ACCOM leaves Harrisb'g			8.25 a. m
"	"	arr. Williamsport,	12.55 p. m

EASTWARD.

BUFFALO EXPRESS leaves Buffalo,			3.25 p. m
"	"	" Emporium	9.00 p. m
"	"	" Williamsp't	1.10 a. m
"	"	arr. at Harrisb'g	4.50 a. m
"	"	" Philadelphia	9.10 a. m
ERIE MAIL leaves Erie			11.20 a. m
"	"	" Renovo	8.40 p. m
"	"	" Lock Haven,	9.55 p. m
"	"	" Williamsp't,	11.10 p. m
"	"	arr. at Harrisburg	3.05 a. m
"	"	arr. at Phila	8.00 a. m
ELMIRA MAIL leaves Lock Haven			7.55 a. m
"	"	" Williamsp't	9.30 a. m
"	"	arr. at Harrisburg	1 56 p. m
"	"	arr. at Philadelphia	5.50 p. m
HARRISBURG ACCOM. leaves Williamsport			6.50 p. m
"	"	arr. at Harrisburg	10.50 p. m
"	"	" Philadelphia	2.50 a. m

Bald Eagle Mail, Eastward. Leaves Lock Haven 12.20 p. m arrives at Williamsport 1.30 p. m.

Bald Eagle Mail westward Leaves Williamsport 1.55 p. m. arrives at Lock Haven 3.10.

Mail East connect east and west at Erie with L. S. & M. S. R. W. and at Corry and Irvineton with Oil Creek and Allegheny R. R. W.

Mail West with east and west trains on L. S. & M. S. R. W. and at Corry and Irvineton with Oil Creek and Allegheny R. R. W.

Elmira Mail and Buffalo Express make close connections at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north, and at Harrisburg with N. C. R. W. trains south.

WM. A. BALDWIN,
Gen'l Supt

LEWISTOWN DIVISION.

MIFFLIN & CENTRE—EASTWARD.

	Accom. No. 1.	Accom. No. 2.	Accom. No. 3.
LEWISTOWN Ju..	6 50 a m	12 01 p m	5 10 p m
LEWISTOWN	7 10	12 07	4 16
Logan	7 25	12 16	4 28
Yeagertown F.	7 33	12 21	4 28
Mann's F.	7 44	12 28	4 35
Reedsville	7 52	12 33	4 39
Honey Creek F.	8 10	12 44	4 49
Nagmy F.	8 20	12 50	4 55
MILROY, Arrive..	8 30 a m	12 55 p m	5 00 p m

Returning leave Milroy at 8 50 a. m., 1 20 p. and 5 15 p.m; Reedsville at 9 11 a. m., 1 00 and 5 36 p. m., arriving at Lewistown at 9 40 a m., 1 35 and 6 05 p. m.

The Mifflin and Centre and Sunbury and Lewistown connect at Lewistown with way passenger and fast lines west, and mail and Cincinnati express east; and at Sunbury with trains on Northern Central, Phila. & Erie, and Hazleton.

P. F. SMITH, Supt.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY DIVISION.

STATIONS.	Mail. MLS.	A.M.	Exs. P.M.
Leave Tyrone	0	9 20	6 50
East Tyrone	1	9 27	6 57
Bald Eagle	5	9 38	7 07
Hannah	10	9 54	7 21
Port Matilda	14	10 03	7 30
Martha	17	10 13	7 39
Julian	21	10 26	7 51
Unionville	26	10 40	8 05
Snow Shoe Intersection	29	10 50	8 15
Milesburg	31	10 55	8 20
Arrive Bellefonte	33	11 09	8 29
Leave Bellefonte	33	11 14	8 32
Milesburg	31	11 20	8 45
Curtin	34	11 30	8 56
Mount Eagle	37	11 36	9 01
Howard	40	11 45	9 10
Eagleville	44	11 58	9 23
Beech Creek	46	12 03	9 28
Mill Hall	51	12 16	9 41
Flemington	52	12 20	9 45
Lock Haven Intersection	54	12 25	9 50
Arrive Lock Haven	55	12 30	10 00

RETURN.

Leave Lock Haven	0	3 45	3 05
Lock Haven Intersection	1	3 50	3 10
Flemington	3	3 55	3 15
Mill Hall	4	3 59	3 19
Beech Creek	9	10 12	3 33
Eagleville	11	10 17	3 38
Howard	15	10 30	3 51
Mount Eagle	18	10 39	4 00
Curtin	21	10 45	4 03
Milesburg	24	10 55	4 16
Arrive Bellefonte	26		4 27
Leave Bellefonte	26		4 30
Milesburg	24	11 20	4 57
Snow Shoe Intersection	26	11 25	4 44
Unionville	29	11 38	4 57
Julian	34	11 50	5 08
Martha	38	12 01	5 20
Port Matilda	41	12 10	5 28
Hannah	45	12 19	5 53
Bald Eagle	50	12 33	5 58
East Tyrone	54	1 43	6 08
Arrive Tyrone	55	12 50	6 10

Insurance.

1794 INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA 1794

SECURITY INDEMNITY

ASSETS JAN. 1st, 1874, $3,287,834.64

OLDEST STOCK COMPANY

IN AMERICA!

OVER

THIRTY MILLION DOLLARS

PAID TO SUFFERERS

IN 80 YEARS!!

JNO. I. RANKIN, Ag't,
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Miscellaneous.

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Moral and Religious.

Meeting in Heaven.

I see a mother and her child meeting at the throne after some years' absence. The child died twenty years ago, but it is a child yet. I think the little ones who die will remain children through all eternity. It would be no heaven without the little darlings. I do not want those that are in heaven to grow up. We need their infant voices in the great song. And when we walk out in the fields of light, we want them to run ahead, and clap their hands, and pick out the brightest of the field flowers. Yes, here is a child and its mother meeting. The child long in glory, the mother just arrived. "How changed you are, my darling!" says the mother. "Yes," says the child, "this is such a happy place; and Jesus has taken such care of me, and heaven is so kind, I got right over the fever with which I died. The skies are so fair, mother! The flowers are so sweet, mother! The temple is so beautiful, mother! Come, take me up in your arms as you used to."

Oh, I do not know how we shall stand the first day in heaven. Do you not think we will break down in the song from over delight? I once gave out in church the hymn:

"There is a land of pure delight,
Where saints immortal reign,"

and an aged man standing in front of the pulpit sang heartily the first verse, and then he sat down weeping. I said to him aftarward, 'Father Linton, what made you cry over that hymn?" He said, "I could not stand—the joys that are coming." When heaven rises for the doxology, I cannot see how we can rise with it if all these waves of everlasting delight come upon the soul. Methinks Jesus would be enough for the first day in heaven, but here he approaches with all heaven at his back.—*Talmage.*

To Every One His Work.

"Lord help me to do that which thou hast brought me into the world to do?" This was the utterance of a young man in the week of prayer. No doubt he had hesitated long before he gained courage to rise in his place and address God before his elders, for his effort was marked with the embarrassment natural to his position, but the utterance of that petition sunk into my heart, and I said, "that shall henceforth be the petition of my life; and it should be that of all others."

Were we then, each of us, brought into this world with an especial work to do?—Why, then, is there so much sin and folly? Because we shirk our appointed duty. We were brought into the world "to glorify God and enjoy him forever;" but we fail to glorify or enjoy him just so far as we fail in doing the work he brought us into the world to do.

Before every man are set two paths in life: the one leading to happiness, the glory of God, and our own glory; the other to eternal destruction, overwhelming confusion and dishonor. Christ says, "This is the way, walk ye in it!" and when we are in that path we are in the exact line where, straight before us, shines a ray of celestial glory; to the right or to the left all is blackness of darkness; but in the path all is glory, and with one eye on the shining source we can keep right on, until we reach the perfect day. Some find this path early in life, and as they grow, grow in grace and glory; others turn to the right and to the left, wilful, determined to find light from some other source, chasing after every will-o-the-wisp of the bordering morass, exulting in the thought that they have found a new and better light than the divine glory; till worn, exhausted, subdued, at last they yield to the call of Jesus, which still sounds through the dark, and turning to the true light their feet are established in the right path, while others wander until they die in their perverseness.

The two paths are taught by the dealings of God with Israel. The one should establish them as the priests of God in the earth; the other should deliver them up to cruel war, captivity and servitude. They followed the wrong path and suffered, and the whole world suffered with them. Forty years before their departure from Egypt Moses showed himself their deliverer by slaying the Egyptians, but they rejected him; forty years after this they rejected Canaan by their folly; and were eighty years behind the time when they should have been put in possession; but they refused. Let us not be like them, slow to believe and obey, but let us say, 'Lord, help us to do what thou hast brought us into the world to do!' Seek earnestly to know his will, and enter upon our field of labor without tarrying. Wesley said, if he had one hundred perfectly consecrated men he could evangelize the world. The work varies some are to be apostles, some teachers, some evangelists, some to stand and wait; whatever it may be, let us seek our work, and do it.—*N. Y. Observer.*

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Centre Lodge, No. 153, I. O. O. F., meets every Thursday evening at the Odd Fellow's hall. Degree meetings first Saturday of each month.

Minerva (Rebekah Degree) Lodge, No. 53, meets on the Saturday night next to and immediately before the full of the moon of each month, in Odd Fellow's hall.

Bellefonte Encampment, No. 72, I. O. O. F., meets at the Odd Fellow's hall, on the second and fourth Mondays of every month.

Bellefonte Lodge, No. 268, A. Y. M., meets on Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, on or before each full moon, in Masonic Lodge, Bush's Arcade.

Bellefonte Chapter, 243, R. A. M. meets on Thursday night preceeding the second Friday of each month, in Masonic Lodge.

Constans Commandery, No. 3, K. T., meets the second Friday evening of each month, in Masonic Lodge.

Bellefonte and County.

——Get your back in order for digging garden.

——John Ardell, Jr., has been busy for the past week or more driving his logs out of the Six Mile Run.

——Many of our merchants have repudiated Horace Greeley's advice, and are going East for Spring goods.

——Subscribers to the REPUBLICAN, changing their postoffice address, will give us notice so that their paper may be mailed accordingly.

——From the *Journal* we learn that all the workmen employed in the construction of the Mapleton Branch Railroad struck for higher wages on Wednesday last.

——Philipsburg's new Burgess thinks it his duty to interfere when an intoxicated individual seeks to spend the day in slumber on the flour behind the stove in a jewelry store.

WANTED.—Wheat, Corn, Rye, Oats, good Clean Clover seed and Potatoes for which the highest market price in Cash will be paid.

10-3t SHORTLIDGE & Co.

——A society is about to be formed for the purpose of protecting and propagating fish in Spring Creek and Logan's Branch. All interested are requested to meet at the office of Hoy & Hale on Friday next at 5 o'clock, P. M.

——Dr. Wm. Eagle, of Harrisburg, visited Bellefonte last Wednesday, as the agent of the Grand Commandery of Knights Templar, to perfect arrangements for the annual meeting of that body in this place in May next.

——The thousands of sufferers from Piles will find relief, if not a permanent cure in COSMOLINE. It allays the burning and itching at once, and some very painful cases are reported as having been entirely cured by its use.

——Mr. Jas. Welch, our well known stationer, returned, on Monday, from the city with a large stock of goods for his new store. Call and examine this the largest and best stock of stationer's goods ever brought to this county.

——Mrs. Wolfe, wife of Jacob Wolfe, Wolfe's Store, Pa., while carrying a bucket of water on Monday, fell and broke one of her limbs at the knee. She was suffering intense pain on Tuesday, and the limb was very much swollen.—*Berichte, 18th inst.*

——Kurtz's Pennsvalley paper, in clipping articles from this paper and inserting them on the back side of his patent hebdomidal, has fallen into the habit of crediting them to "an exchange" If the *Reporter* had an "exchange" of editors it would be an advantage to the readers thereof.

——Our choice for Lieutenant Governor is R. F. Johnston, Esq., of Bellefonte. We think he would fill the chair with much credit to all.—*Williamsport Register.*

There is no such man as R. F. Johnston living in Bellefonte; but we presume the *Register* means J. T. Johnston, Esq., our efficient Post Master.—Mr. Johnston is *our* choice for Lieutenant Governor, and we believe none better can be found within the limits of the Commonwealth.

——A young man named Frank M. Burkett, about 23 years of age, while starting a log jam in Mosquito Creek, accidentally fell into the water among the logs and was drowned. His remains were brought over the Snow Shoe Railroad last Thursday to this place, and thence to his home in Punxatawney.

——Major W. F. Reynolds has been increasing his already valuable stud of blooded horses. The latest addition is a handsome Kentucky gelding which was purchased in Cincinnati by A. Fredrick, of Union county, expressly for the Major. The horse is of the celebrated "Gold Dust" stock, and is one of the handsomest and fleetest horses ever brought to Centre county.

——It is becoming generally understood that William F. Carpenter, on Bishop street, is one of the best and most reliable wagon makers in the county. He manufactures all kinds of wagons, buggies and carriages. Repairing is a specialty. All work guaranteed.—We do say, in no spirit of puffing, that Mr. Carpenter can get up handsome and durable buggies and carriages in the very best styles for as low a figure as any man in the business

THE NEW POST OFFICE.—The location of the new Post-office is central and convenient—the very best that could be selected. The imposing stone structure adjoining the First National Bank, and owned by Edward C. Humes, Esq., is the handsomest public building in Bellefonte. The building-stone is so nearly white that its appearance might easily be mistaken for marble. A central room on the ground floor of this building has just been fitted up for, and in a few days will be occupied by our excellent post-master. The room is forty-six feet in length by eighteen in width, and the ceiling is about thirteen feet from the floor. There are separate entrances for ladies and gentlemen. The ladies' entrance, on the right, is very neat and convenient, and the men's department is unexceptionable. Entering the large door, which is illuminated with plate glass, you advance to the general delivery window, from there to another where stamps will be sold, post office orders manipulated and other business of the office transacted. Then you turn to look at the tiers of lock-boxes, all made of solid wood, numbered and supplied with locks. They are of different sizes to suit the renters, and the numbers run up to 548. On the ladies' side there are no lock boxes, the numbers are printed on glass so that the renter need not bother the officers if the box be empty. This is a thoughtful arrangement, because women are always loosing their keys while they take a decided interest in looking at glass. After this outer survey, pass into the private office of the post-master. It is roomy and well lighted. Thence examine the inside arrangements and be surprised at the skill and ingenuity displayed in having everything arranged so neat and convenient. There is an air and a finish about the entire structure that is seldom met with—no attempt at display, but everything handy, tasty and substantial. The arrangement is of Mr. John T. Johnson, the postmaster's own planning, and contractor Wm. V. Hughes did the work. There is certainly no room for improvement.

——Harris Twp. Club met at Lemont school house, on Saturday the 14 inst, Peter Shreck, Pres. Pro. Tem, and the following persons were elected officers for the insuing year: Pres. John S. Foster; Vice Pres. John H. Keller; Sec. Joseph Baker; Treas. Thomas Dale. The subject for discussion—"The Raising, Care and Feeding of the different kind of Stock, Raising of Calves Hogs, Sheep and Milk Cows—not much was said about fattening cattle. Mr. Shreck, A. Stover and T. Dale knew by experience that cornfodder fed to milk cows did not produce as much milk as good timothy hay, while some others were of a different opinion. J. S. Foster, C. Dale, T. Dale A. Stover and others took part in the discussion. Adjourned to meet at the same place on th 28 inst. Same subject, with the cultivation of vegetables connected.

PETER SHRECK, Pres't.

JOSEPH BAKER, Sec.

BRUIN.—Mr. John Rider, of Millheim, and his brother Michael, started out, a few days ago, to hunt foxes and turkeys. After proceeding some distance into the mountains they discovered bear tracks, and, in a short time, the dogs came up with the bears, which had taken refuge in a hollow tree. Approaching the cavity of the tree, John could see nothing but two bright eyes, but understanding his business, he sent a bullet between them and stepped back to give Mike a show. The latter soon sighted another pair of eyes and imitated his brother's example. Then they charged. They found that a large she bear and her cub had been killed, and while they were busily preparing these for transportation, two other little cubs crawled out of the stump and scampered away, apparently the happiest orphans in Haines township.

WORTH TWP., Mar. 21, 1874.

MR. EDITOR:—I am glad to notice that you are showing up the extraordinary expense of maintaining the poor in Centre County as compared with other Counties. I don't know what it costs in Worth township, but the report says a large sum. I have understood that a female was "put on" the township four months before her husband knew it, although they lived together. Dame Rumor says it was done to enable the doctor to get his pay for attending her while sick. I hope the auditors will inquire into it. B.

——Wrestling is often attended with serious consequences, and instances are not rare in proof. On the day of James Forster's sale, as we are informed, a young man received such internal injuries from indulging in this kind of sport, that his physician thinks he may be crippled for life. We also learn from the *Watchman* that a son of John Corman, of Benner twp., had a leg broken while restling on Saturday, two weeks ago.

——Cyrus Gordon, attorney, Clearfield, was in to see us on Saturday. Gordon is making his mark in Clearfield.

——Rebersburg proposes to build two churches during the summer, for the Reformed and Lutheran congregations.

——Nathaniel Beck keeps the best Key West cigars in the market.

——Senator Sumner was a Unitarian.

——The Unionville Temperance organization is increasing in interest, and becoming a success.

——Any of our subscribers who are entitled to chormos, and have not received them, can have them by calling at this office or writing to us.

——An exchange says, there is one "right" on which—thank heaven—a woman cannot entrench, viz: the glorious boyhood privilege of standing on one's head and turning summersaults.

——Alice Peters a lady of about 82 years, who resides on Dix Run not far from Unionville, can boast of a great, great grand child, more than a year old, the daughter of James Davidson.

——The Axe Factory of J. B. Hahn at Milesburg has gone to making axes in earnest. They do manufacture such a superior quality of axes there that it keeps all hands busy to supply the trade.

——Geo. S. Kramer, the fourteen-year-old "boy leader" of the Rebersburg brass band, is exciting considerable admiration in the lower end for the remarkable skill he displays in bringing out the music.

——Rev. S. G. Shannon has been holding a protracted meeting in the Lutheran church at Milroy, which has thus far resulted in the conversion of about sixty persons, and is continued with unabated interest.

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——A new branch railroad—to be called the Moshannon Branch—is soon to be built from Philipsburg to the Skeath colliery on Goss Run. The road will be about 2½ miles in length and will be most valuable to owners of coal lands in the vicinity.

——Every business man should advertise, and in order to reach all classes of people should bear in mind that the REPUBLICAN has the largest circulation of any paper in the county, and especially among the class which it is most desirable for advertisers to reach.

——We had frequently intended to mention in these columns that Mary Ami Furguson's husband had forsaken her since the time she broke his arm with a poker, but we were pleased to see him escort her home from church on Sunday evening. She was affectionately holding on to the arm that was not supported by a sling.

——An exchange correctly remarks that when a man gets mad and stops his paper, he always borrows the next number of his neighbor, to see if the withdrawal of his subscription has not killed the editor, and if he hasn't dressed the columns of his paper in mourning. Such men imagining that the world rests on their shoulders.

——Henry Calhoun, well known to all of our citizens as an industrious and sober mechanic at one time, but who was so unfortunate as to lose his reason, and was sent to the hospital for the insane at Harrisburg and subsequently transferred to Danville, died at that place last week. Poor Henry, his was an unfortunate life.—*Journal*

——To discontinue advertising injures a man's business as much as if he were to take down his sign. It really intimates that the proprietor is about to retire, and the public are apt to treat it as such, or they may regard it as evidence that something has gone wrong which requires privacy to settle. Whatever construction is put upon it, the results are disastrous to the house.

——Quite an advance step was inaugurated at the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company by a prominent stockholder, who presented a resolution requesting the management to take into consideration the expediency of extending more direct aid and encouragement to the manufacturing enterprises situate contiguous to the roads owned and controlled by the Pennsylvania Company within the State.

——Owing to the great demand for our magnificent chromos our supply was exhausted some weeks ago and, although a new supply was immediately ordered, and promptly received, we have been busy until the present time in supplying those already entitled to them. If any of our subscribers who have paid for the REPUBLICAN for the year 1874 have been omitted in the distribution of our chromos, if they will notify us we will forward their chromo at once.

——A young man, a member of Jennie Carroll's Theatrical troupe, has been confined to his bed in the Bush House ever since the above troupe was in town. We don't know the character of his illness but we do know that it is serious and that, if it had not been for the generous care he received from strangers, he might not now be so sanguine of a further lease of life. It must be a pleasant reflection for the Carroll troupe, while playing low comedy, to reflect that one of their dependants is dying from their brutal neglect.

——There is something strangely similar in the inspirations and aspirations of the crusaders of the olden times with those estimable American women of the present day, who, under the same banner, are laboring in the Christian's cause of temperance. The Valiant Defenders of the Cross, left home and family to engage in the hazardous enterprise of preserving sacred and inviolate that hallowed land where our Savior lived and labored and suffered and accomplished His mission. Their cause was that of the Christian religion. They battled all valiantly in their noble and glorious undertaking, without the hope of wordly fee or expectation of earthly reward. For them no trial was too severe, no duty too arduous, no object insurmountable. They wielded their swords in the defense of destitute widows, innocent maidens, helpless orphans, and the Christian religion. The woman's temperance crusade bears with it many of these same noble and self sacrificing virtues. These crusaders are enlisted under the same Royal banner. Their cause is the cause of humanity and religion. The church, the pulpit, the bench, the legislator, all have failed to accomplish a cure for intemperance. Man, in his every private and official capacity has proved himself, unequal to the task. Acts of Assembly and milk-and-water societies have been but the foot-ball of intemperance. Is it not, then, eminently fitting and worthy the sacred name of woman that she should rise in the purity of her nature, and institute the Crusaders for her home, her husband her son. There is behind and underlying the ribaldry and abuse thrown in the face of the crusaders, a profound wrong to be righted—and a woman's faith in the justice of her cause. Who is there that would reproach the wife, true and faithful, the mother patient and pitiful, the daughter hopeful and anxious, who has, as if called of God, espoused the cause of her husband, her son, her brother? It has been asked "is it any wonder they are nerved to courage and quickened to an energy and kindled with an inspiration to which we of the sterner sex are strangers? Is it any wonder they are willing to submit to the loathesome abuse of dunkards and the heartless criticism of the press, which are more easily borne by them than the sorrows entailed by the curse they seek to remove?" We do not believe it is but a brief, spasmodic effort. Good results are beginning to show and the end is not yet!

[redacted]

——An honest man was fishing in Spring Creek on Saturday. He landed a fine trout and, before several men who had been watching him, could get down to the creek to see it, he threw it tenderly back into the water remarking that he was sorry the law forbade taking trout during the month. His companions complimented him on his honesty and left him without even thinking to look into his basket which contained seven fine trout that had taken the bait when no admirers of honesty were in sight.

——Bald Mountain in North Carolina has strong symptoms of shakes and fever and a native corn-cracker will, no doubt, soon start on a lecture tour.

——"A brief sketch of my life" is generally somewhat like a well developed boil—only interesting to the owner.

——The annual visit of that coy little maiden, Spring, has been postponed on account of the weather.

——Rebersburg boasts of twelve widows and the measles

——Another war dance is proposed by the Pomingo Red Men of this place.

——Fruit is expected to be plenty in this county next fall. This is our solemn opinion.

——The excellent painting and graining in the new post-office is a monument to Samuel H. Williams' skill as an artiste.

——Wm. S. Tripple, Wm. McClellan, M. W. Cowdrick, and others of the Methodist church, went to the conference at Altoona on Saturday, bearing with them a petition for the return of Rev. M. L. Smyser, to this station.

——We have received the annual report of the Board of Commissioners of Public Charities and, in it, find the following in regard to the Centre County Jail: Visited, December 22, 1873. Some repairs and improvements have been made in this jail, by which it is more comfortably heated, and provided with a better supply of water. Though comparatively new, the custody of prisoners is not redendered so secure in its construction, as is desirable, escapes being frequent. The general condition does not indicate the best care. The bedding does not look inviting. The straw ticks and army blankets are by no means fresh looking. Some prisoners are supplied by friends with sheets and pillow cases. The condition of the cells is various, depending upon the character of the inmates. The prisoners associate in the corridors, the evil effects of which are manifest. Little or no discipline is exercised. The fiddle, dancing, and other kinds of noice and revelry being quite common. Separation even during the night is not enjoined. Employment is not provided. Reading matter is not regularly supplied, nor are religious services always held. Four prisoners are confined. The average number during the year is six. Three murder in the second degree were transferred to the penitentiary. Generally prisoners having long sentences are sent to the latter. No insane in this jail. None are kept longer than the limited time required to remove them to an hospital.

The Sheriff boards prisoners at forty-five cents per day.

It is scarcely necessary to add that no measures whatever are used to improve the moral condition of prisoners. Although its general condition is by no means what it should be, it is not worse than others, where prisoners are suffered to congregate, by day and night, in utter idleness. This jail admits of the separate system with useful labor. It is a matter of surprise, therefore, that the experiment which has been so successful in other instances, has not been made in this one.

The county commissioners having no general account for jail expenses, the exact expense of conducting this jail could not be obtained.

STAND BY YOUR NEIGHBORS.—On Saturday morning, a gentleman from the city came into our office and requested the pleasure of measuring us for a half dozen shirts. Soon after, an itinerant furnishing-goods agent came in to show us the spring styles and take an order for a suit of city-made clothes. Now, there was nothing novel in the visits of these men, because they are of frequent occurrence, but when we received, that same day, through the post-office, cards from business firms in the eastern cities asking us to order, of them, a new pair of boots, a barrel of sugar, a sack of coffee and a number of other domestic articles, we began to reflect that there was something wrong in that method of doing business. We could see nothing wrong in these agents, and foreign business houses soliciting custom in that way. It is all right for them but, in patronizing them, are we standing by our neighbors? Let us see. The business of life is, of necessity, divided into various occupations. All cannot follow the same trade, employment or profession. Every branch of industry is dependent on the patronage of others who follow pursuits different from its own. This being the condition in every community, the secret of success lies in securing to each occupation a sufficient patronage. The lawyer, the doctor, the tailor, the merchant, and almost every business pursuit, in every community is dependent upon the patronage of the home community for support. The lawyer buys his clothing in the city—the home tailor suffers the loss of his patronage and the business of the town is deprived of the sum of money. The tailor employs a foreign lawyer to transact his legal business—the home attorney suffers accordingly. Let this go as an illustration and it will easily be seen that, in any branch of business you will name, every time a foreigner is patronized in that way, some one of your neighbors must suffer. Your money goes to build up another community and your own community is injured. These are facts which ought to be known and appreciated by every business man and citizen. You don't go to foreigners for endorsers to your note, for private favors or influence; don't be an ingrate. Can any man, who refuses to patronize home people, ask them to patronize him? Stand by your neighbor.

SPRING AND SUMMER OF 1874.—New goods at prices to suit all! Spring and Summer stock arriving every week! In addition to my Philadelphia and New York best work, I have determined to keep the largest assortment of goods formerly kept by other stores and called cheap, at much lower prices than they have been offered heretofore. For example: Ladies lasting Gaiters, sold at other stores for $2.00, I sell at the very low sum of $1.60. Gaiters sold at $2.25, I sell for $1.75, and have them as low as $1.50. All other goods proportionately low. I have determined to sell more goods and have smaller profits. Call and examine and satisfy yourselves. Don't forget the place, right opposite the Bush House.

JOHN POWERS,
Bellefonte Boot & Shoe Store.

——Next Wednesday will be the first of April and, in the meantime, many people, who expect to move on that day, will be looking around for new and suitable furniture. To all such, we say by all means, go to John Brechbill's Furniture store, near corner of Spring and Bishop streets. He has on hand all kinds of the best furniture which he will sell at very low figures.

—— The last *Watchman* gives some good advice about "how to keep a situation" but we know of a dozen or two of men and boys who take a situation on the steps of the First National bank on Sunday morning and keep it all day. But we don't believe they are fit for any better situation, except it might be in a graveyard.

—— Smith Barnhart's autobiography in a late edition of Brown decides the fact that greatness sometimes goes unrewarded.

—The New York *Tribune* thinks that the proposition which has been made to acquiesce in the Kellogg government until the fall elections "is merely to perpetuate the usurpation." This is tantamount to a confession that a majority of the voters of that State sustain Governor Kellogg, and that when the question is brought before them at the polls, they will solve it by re-electing him. It is the strongest argument *against* Congressional interference that could be made.

MARRIED

On the 17th inst., by Rev. I. S. Crone, Mr. Jacob Peters, of Unionville, and Miss Annie J. Pletcher, of Liberty Township.

On March 19th inst., by Rev. W. T. Wylie, at the Presbyterian Parsonage, Mr. W. C. Cummings, of Emlenville, Pa., to Miss Sarah J. Beatty, of Jacksonville.

On Jan. 29th inst., by the Rev. W. T. Wylie, Mr. Thomas Jacobs of Altoona, to Miss Eliza Pierson, of Pleasant Gap.

By Justice S. M. Irwin, on Feb. 28, 1874, Thomas Musselman and Sallie McCallister, all of Bellefonte.

By the same, on March 22, 1874, Albert A. Gill and Alice Walker, all of Centre County.

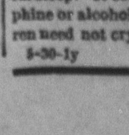
DIED.

On the 9th of March, 1874, in the 77th year of her age, after a lingering illness, Mrs. Barbara Rider, wife of Micheal Rider, of Gatesburg, Pa.

The deceased was the mother of twelve children, four sons and eight daughters, all of whom married and settled in the immediate neighborhood, and with two or three exceptions are members of the Lutheran church. She united with the church in 1823 and for nearly 51 years she adorned her profession by a truly christian life. Her's was a living as well as a dying testimony to the power of divine grace in the soul. Humbly, patient, kind and faithful. Her kindly offices among the sick in her more vigorous days, will not soon be forgotten; but it was in the family as wife and mother that her light shone with an even steady lustre; and now that she is gone, memory will love to linger upon her many good qualities, especially her gentle, kind and helpful disposition, and rejoice to know that another "Mother in Isreal" is crowned and in the heavenly mansions awaiting her husband and loved ones as one after another they reach the immortal shores.

Thou art gone to the grave,
But we will not deplore thee,
Since God was thy Ransom,
Thy Guardian, thy Guide:
He gave thee, He took thee,
And He will restore thee,
And death has no sting,
Since the Savior hath died.

Centaur Liniment



There is no pain which the Centaur Liniment will not relieve, no swelling they will not subdue, and no lameness which they will not cure. This is strong language, but it is true. They have produced more cures of rheumatism, neuralgia, lock-jaw, palsy, sprains, swellings, caked-breasts scalds, burns, salt-rheum, earache, &c., &c., upon the human frame, and of strains spavin, galls, &c., upon animals in one year than have all other pretended remedies since the world began. They are counter-irritant, all-healing pain reliever. Cripples throw away their crutches, the lame walk, poisonous bites are endered harmless, and the wounded are healed without a scar. The recipe is published around each bottle. They sell as no articles ever before sold, and they sell because they do just what they pretends to do. Those who now suffer from rheumatism, pain or swelling, deserve to suffer if they will not use Centaur Liniment. More than 1000 certificates of remarkable cures, including frozen limbs, chronic rheumatism, gout, running tumors, &c., have been received. We will send a circular containing certificates, the recipe, &c., gratis, to any one requesting it. One bottle of the yellow wrapper Centaur Liniment is worth one hundred dollars for spavined or sweenied horses and mules, or for screw-worm in sheep. Stock-owners—these liniments are worth your attention. No family should be without them. "White wrapper for family use;" Yellow wrapper for animals. Sold by all Druggists. 50 cents per bottle; large bottles $1 00. J. B. ROSS & Co., 52 Broadway, New York.

CASTORIA is more than a substitute for Castor Oil. It is the only *safe* article in existence which is certain to assimilate the food, regulate the bowels, cure wind-colic and produce natural sleep. It contains neither minerals, morphine or alcohol, and is pleasant to take. Children need not cry and mothers may rest.

3-30-1y